The Columbian.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]

Issued Weekly, every Friday Morning, at
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., Pa.

AT TWO DOLLARS per year. To subscribers out of the county the terms are strictly in advance.

☞No paper discontinued except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits will not be given.

All papers sent out of the state or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on short notice, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL,
J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1884.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XVIII, NO 37
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLVIII, NO 29

RATES OF ADVERTISING

	1w	2w	3w	6w	1y
One inch.....	$2 00	$2 50	$3 00	$5 00	$8 00
Two inches.....	3 00	4 00	5 00	8 00	12 00
Three inches.....	4 00	5 00	7 00	11 00	18 00
Four inches.....	5 00	7 00	9 00	15 00	20 00
Quarter column..	6 00	8 00	10 00	18 00	25 00
Half column.....	10 00	14 00	17 00	25 00	50 00
One column.....	20 00	25 00	30 00	50 00	100 00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's, and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, ten cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar a year for each line.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

L. E. WALLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office over 1st. National Bank.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Knt's Building.

C. R. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over 1st National Bank.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over Moyer Bros. Drug Store.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1
Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets. Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
NEW COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe.

PAUL E. WIRT,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office in COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Room No. 2, second floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN.
KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the left. Corner of Main and Market streets Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ *Pensions and Bounties Collected.*

J. H. MAIZE.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Maize's building, over Billmeyer's grocery.

C. B. BROWCKAY,
Attorney-at-Law,
ALSO
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in his building opposite Court House, 2nd floor, Bloomsburg, Pa. apr 13 '83

JOHN C. YOCUM,
Attorney-at-Law,
CATAWISSA, PA.
Office in NEWS ITEM building, Main street.
Member of the American Attorneys' Association.
Collections made in any part of America.

A. K. OSWALD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Jackson Building, Rooms 4 and 5.
BERWICK, PA

RHAWN & ROBINS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

W. E. SMITH,
Attorney-atLaw, Berwick, Pa.
Can be Consulted in German.
ALSO FIRST-CLASS
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANIES REPRESENTED.
☞Office first door below the post office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market

A. L. FRITZ, Attorney-at-Law. Office in COLUMBIAN Building.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN & LOCKSMITH
Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Bloomsburg, Pa

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office corner of Rock and Market street.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician. (Office and Residence on Third street.

7000 AGENTS WANTED double quick! to sell the only OFFICIAL Biographies of
CLEVELAND AND HENDRICKS
By ex- Gov. Dorsheimer, of N. Y., member of U. S. Congress, and Hon. W. U. Hensel, Chairman of Dem. State Com. of Pa., intimate friends of G. & H. It is the most reliable, interesting and richly illustrated, hence in immense demand. Agents are coining money. It has fine steel portraits, sells fastest and pays best. Beware of unreliable, catchpenny books. Write to
Hubbard Bros., 723 Chestnut St., Phila.
Aug 8-4w

WANTED AT ONCE a representative of good address to travel through COLUMBIA county with Valuable works for special classes of business men and mechanics who understand and need them, giving their orders at sight; profits liberal, easy and quick; can refer to gentlemen clearing $35 to $80 a week who are pleased with the work; only $10 capital required; write for particulars if you mean business; give age, trade or previous employment and references. Palliser, Palliser & Co., Vanderbilt Ave., New York.
Aug 8-4w r

ADVERTISERS! send for our Select list of local newspapers. Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 10 Spruce St., N. Y. Aug 8-4W r

INFORMATION
VALUABLE TO EVERY YOUNG MAN
In the NEW catalogue of the TRENTON Business College.
SENT FREE. Address,
A. J. RIDER, Principal.
Trenton, N. J.
7-84W2

L. A. SHATTUCK, M. D.
Medical Superintendent of the Sanitarium.
Invalid's Home.
Bloomsburg, Pa.,
Devotes special attention to Epilepsy, Nervous Affections, and Diseases of Women.
Patients received at the Sanitarium on reasonable terms for board and treatment.
P. S.—No charge for first consultation.
apr 27, '83

H. G. Eshleman,
Plumber and gas fitter. Rear of Schuyler's hardware store.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
All kinds of fittings for steam, gas and water pipes constantly on hand.
Roofing and spouting attended to at short notice.
Tinware of every description made to order.
Orders left at Schuyler & Co's., hardware store will be promptly filled.
Special attention given to heating by steam and hot water.
y 9-17

W. H HOUSE,
—DENTIST,—
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, WORK warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Office in Columbian building, 2nd floor.
To be open at all hours during the day
Nov. 2-1y

FIRE INSURANCE.
CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
HOME, OF N. Y.
MERCHANTS', OF NEWARK, N. J.
CLINTON, N. Y.
PEOPLES' N. Y.
READING, PA.
These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS, EQUITY, FAIR DEALING.

9000!! Agents wanted DOUBLE QUICK! to sell the First AUTHENTIC Biographies of
BLAINE & LOGAN
By H. J. Ramsdell, Esq., Mr. Blaine's intimate friend and personal choice, and Ben Perley Poore, for 18 years an officer of the U. S. Congress. 5,000 outfits ordered within a week. Agents coining money. Is in immense demand because the most Reliable, Interesting and Richly Illustrated; fine steel portraits; first out, sells fastest. Beware of unreliable books. Write to Hubbard Bros., Pubs., Philadelphia, Pa. 7-84wr

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All, of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers absolutely sure. At once address, TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. Dec 21-1y

1884. PENNA. STATE FAIR. 1884.
Opens September 8, Closes September 20. On the new, convenient and permanent grounds,
BROAD ST. AND LEHIGH AVE.
PHILADELPHIA.
$41,000 In Premiums for
Manufactures, Machinery, Implements, Produce, Live Stock, etc.
Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society
with the co-operation of the
STATE HORTICULTURAL ASSOCIATION, AND PENNSYLVANIA HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY,
In a grand display of fruits and flowers.
WOMEN'S SILK CULTURE ASSOCIATION,
Producing, Spinning and Reeling Silk.
Philadelphia Kennel Club,
Bench Show of Dogs,
STATE POULTRY SOCIETY.
—Incubators and Domestic Fowls.—
ENTRY BOOKS POSITIVELY CLOSE SEPT. 2nd
Premium Lists on application to
JAMES MILES, President.
D. W. Seiler, Elbridge McConkey, Secretaries, N. W. Cor. 10th and Chestnut Sts.
Aug 22-4w

AGENCY OF
WILEY & RUSSELL'S
LABOR SAVING TOOLS
&
MACHINERY.
Head Quarters for Iron, Steel, Horseshoes Nails and Wagon Makers' and Blacksmiths' Supplies. Israel Bittenbender, Store & Warerooms 128 Franklin Ave, also warerooms 111 Franklin Ave., and 165 Centre street.
SCRANTON PA.
may 23 1y

THE BEST AND ONLY AUTHENTIC LIFE OF **CLEVELAND**
By Chauncy F. Black, Lieutenant Governor of Pennsylvania. Our book will contain facts to be found in no other, besides a complete history of the Democratic party, WITH ALL its platforms; sketches of the lives of all the Presidents; the women of the White House; protective tariff; revenue reform; electoral vote; home life of the President, and a full life of **HENDRICKS**
Ours is the best, most accurate, cheapest, and sells most largely. Send 50 cents for outfit at once.
THAYER, MERRIAM & CO., 833 Arch St., Philad'a.
7-8-10W

THE COMPLETE HOME Agents Wanted for this beautiful book. New edition—New bindings.—New illustrations from new designs. Superbly gotten up. Same low price. Adapted to all classes. Sells at sight. Agents doing big work. EXCELLENT TERMS. The handsomest prospectus ever issued. Apply now.
BRADLEY, GARRETSON & Co., 66 North 4th St. Philadelphia, Pa. Also other grand new books and Bibles.
mar 28-1y ald

The time for changing the light Summer Suit for something heavier is upon us, and we are, in consequence, making "grand change" in our store. We are ready for you with a fine stock of Fall Clothing.

A. C. YATES & CO.
Ledger Building, Sixth & Chestnut Sts.
PHILADELPHIA.

D. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL
Cures Rheumatism, Lumbago, Lame Back, Sprains and Bruises, Asthma, Catarrh, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Diphtheria, Burns, Frost Bites, Tooth, Ear, and Headache, and all pains and aches.
The best internal and external remedy in the world. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold by medicine dealers everywhere. Directions in eight languages.
Price 50 cents and $1.00.
FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop'rs,
BUFFALO, N. Y., U. S. A.

KIDNEY-WORT
THE SURE CURE
FOR
KIDNEY DISEASES, LIVER COMPLAINTS, CONSTIPATION, PILES, AND BLOOD DISEASES.
PHYSICIANS ENDORSE IT HEARTILY.
"Kidney-Wort is the most successful remedy I ever used." Dr. P. C. Ballou, Monkton, Vt.
"Kidney-Wort is always reliable." Dr. R. N. Clark, So. Hero, Vt.
"Kidney-Wort has cured me of Hemorrhoids after 2 years suffering." Dr. C. M. Burmeister, Sun Hill, Ga.
IN THOUSANDS OF CASES
it has cured where all else had failed. This mild, but efficient, CERTAIN IN ITS ACTION, but harmless in all cases.
☞It cleanses the Blood and Strengthens and gives New Life to all the important organs of the body. The natural action of the Kidneys is restored. The Liver is cleansed of all disease, and the Bowels move freely and healthfully. In this way the worst diseases are eradicated from the system. 2
PRICE, $1.00 LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Dry can be sent by mail.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington Vt.
KIDNEY-WORT

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate!
By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, the undersigned Administrators of the estate of Isaac Leidy, deceased, will sell at public sale on the premises, on
Saturday, Sept. 20th, 1884.
at 1 o'clock p. m. the following described real estate, to-wit: All that certain tract of land situate in Hemlock township, Col. Co., Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the South by lands of D. B. Wagner, on the east by lands of Evan Thomas, on the north by lands of Thomas Hickey and Miles Ohl, and on the west by lands of Thomas Hickey and ———Brobst, containing
111 Acres and 84 Perches,
whereon are erected a two-story
DWELLING HOUSE
bank barn, straw sheds, wagon sheds, corn cribs, and all necessary outbuildings. There is a good spring of never-failing water at the door. A good apple orchard. Peaches, cherries, plumbs, and a variety of other fruits. Deed at the expense of the purchaser. All grain in the ground and personal property on the premises reserved. Possession given April 1, 1885.
TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money shall be paid at the striking down of the property, one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale and the remaining three-fourths in one year therafter with interest from confirmation nisi.
WM. P. LEIDY, } Adm'rs.
E. D. LEIDY, }
Vandersllice, Att'y.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF CLINTON MELICK LATE OF MT. PLEASANT TWP. COL. CO. DECEASED.
Letters testamentary on the estate of Clinton Melick, deceased, late of Mt. Pleasant township, Columbia county Penna., deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned executrix. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned without delay. MARY M. MELICK,
Aug. 18th 1884 Executrix.
Aug 22-6w *

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

CENTAUR LINIMENT
An absolute cure for Rheumatism, Sprains, Pain in the Back, Burns, Galls, &c. An Instantaneous Pain-relieving and Healing Remedy.

THE CURIOUS HOUSE.

I know a house so fair and fine,
No flaw in it you can detect,
A silver beauty smooths each line
Drawn by its patient architect.

To look upon its fragile frame
And note its splendor in the sun,
No builder known to human fame
You say can do what this hath done.

It has no shingle, roof, or beam,
It is not buttressed on the land—
Its airy filagree and scheme
Seem products of a fairy's hand.

How swung aloft, how lightly stayed,
Without a window, board or pane—
A dream in definite shape arrayed,
A castle from the realms of Spain!

Though Piracest might despair
Its lines to mend when once undone,
I see its owner in the air
Across the silver ramparts run.

And when a break has crept into
The checkered strands that greet the eye,
Has made the battle places new—
And not a scar can you descry.

On geometric curve and coil,
Dew-diamonded beneath the sun,
This little builder's wit and toil
Was spent until the work was done.

O silken house of gossamer,
Thy woven wonder does not cease—
And yet the blood-stained doors deter
Wayfarrers fond of life and peace.

No revelers in those chambers meet,
No jocond footsteps jar the floor—
For, they who step within retreat
At once, or leave it nevermore!

—*Joel Benton, in St. Nicholas.*

SELECT STORY.

HOW A WIFE WAS WON.

The opening of the Grand Industrial Exposition had brought me to the city in the early part of the spring in 1876. Tired from long standing and walking around; more tired still by the shows and wonderful exhibitions of the mighty progress of civilization at home displayed at this exposition, I turned my steps homeward one afternoon earlier than usual. I had taken leave of my friends, making an engagement for a reunion later on in the evening, and directed my course to one of the quiet quarters of the city in which my hotel was situated. The less frequent the bazaars and show-windows became, so much more insignificant became the number of foot passengers on the streets. But it seemed to me a much more stylish-looking part of the city than the public drives of the central portion, because here the high, grave-looking houses were either government offices or were inhabited by city officials or wealthy private citizens.

Before me walked for some distance a young and elegantly attired lady. At a curve of the street I succeeded in getting a fleeting glimpse of her profile, and felt myself thereby urged to observe carefully even the knot of golden blonde and sunshiny hair, half covered by the dark English hat, as well as the extremely delicate, graceful, figure of the still youthful girl.

Suddenly her step faltered, she half turned, lingered for a moment, and then walked hastily towards me, past me, and back over the road by which she had just come. Not far ahead of us came sauntering along an officer, with a lady on his arm, gayly chatting and laughing. Could they have frightened my Unknown? A sudden interest stirred within me; I wished to gain some insight into her strange conduct, and therefore made a hasty turn, following her and keeping only a few paces behind.

Then I saw how she pressed the little clenched hand passionately to her heart, and with tears in her violet eyes and a half-sad, half-scornful expression, murmured something to herself which my excited imagination fancied to be: "O, foolish heart, why are thou not quiet; why mounts the blood to my cheek and compels me to turn back lest I betray myself?"

The childish ebullition moved me unconsciously, and a feeling of jealousy stole over me against that officer whom I had involuntarily thought of in connection with this young girl. If I had only dared to address her; but that I could not bring myself to do. She evidently belonged to the first class of society, and nothing was further from my thoughts than a desire to insult or intrude upon her. But fortune favored me.

A small package which she had hitherto carried slipped from her arm without her having remarked it. Quickly I picked it up and gave it back to its fair owner, with a few polite words. She looked at me with a surprised, somewhat haughty glance, as I remained standing before her rather longer than was absolutely necessary. Her large, violet, childlike eyes were still filled with tears and the delicate face was deathly pale.

"I thank you," she said, briefly, taking the package from my hand.

But I did not allow myself to be dismissed thus quickly.

"You are not well, my dear young lady," said I. "Will you not command my services?"

Something in my voice, perhaps also my quiet, respectful manner, seemed to inspire her with confidence. She looked at me with wonder in her beautiful, tearful eyes, and said, less curtly than before:

"You are very kind, sir. I would like to have a drosche."

I bowed; and while she stood at the window of a flower store, I hurried down the street and soon found an empty vehicle, in which I joyfully, and with a gentle feeling of expectation of what would happen next, drove back to my little Unknown.

Meanwhile she had regained her self-command; only her hand yet trembled as she in entering the carriage laid it lightly in mine, and it felt ice cold through her glove.

"Your residence?" I asked. She named one of the elegant streets in the West End, and as I called the address to the coachman I knew how certain I would be not to forget it myself. I closed the carriage door; she then bowed her lovely head at the open window and thanked me for my service but she spoke confusedly, and in her embarrassment her pale cheeks colored with a rosy blush, so that she appeared even much more charming than before.

"May I call to-morrow and inquire after your health?" I ventured to ask, but she seemed taken by surprise at the question and hesitated to answer, while the blush deepened on her cheek.

"Hi!" cried the coachman at this moment, the horses started off, and as I stepped again on the sidewalk the vehicle was already rattling away.

As if in a dream I entered my hotel. I could not refrain from laughing at myself; this ardor, this interest about a young lady entirely unknown to me—more beautiful, more dazzling visions than this childish, shy girl had often during my life crossed my path without having attracted me particularly. I was a riddle to myself; however, I made the firm resolve to find out to-morrow some particulars about this new street acquaintance.

A few hours later I sat with a number of pleasant friends in one of the best restaurants under the lindens. The conversation was lively and cheerful, and there were many ladies and gentlemen continually going in and out.

In the neighborhood of the table at which we sat and made ourselves merry was gathered a large party, joyous and gay like ours.

Some young girlish faces before us having attracted me I involuntarily looked around for my unknown, but there—yes, certainly there he was next to the little blonde coquette, with the seductive little small nose and the showy felt hat—the officer of Lutzower street, the same before whom my little friend had taken flight, for although I had no foundation for the idea, since we had met many other men on that street, I could not help thinking of the large, showy, handsome, but utterly blase and insolent looking lieutenant of infantry in connection with her.

"Who is that pale officer?" asked I of my friend Erich.

"Where?"

I indicated the direction to him. "The one with the black beard, next to the little blonde lady."

"He?" said Elrich, and laughed. "Why, he is the late betrothed, the handsome Paumwolf. I thought you surely must know him."

"No, no; but what is the story about him?" I inquired.

"Well, nothing more than that yonder blonde has, with some trouble it must be admitted, captured him for life, after he had caused nearly ninety-nine others to dream of the happy fate. For myself I never could have attained such an elegiac calm, after breaking off a love affair. But he has been unfortunate. Young ladies with and without pedigree, with and without money-bags, bow down to him, after he has devoted himself to them for half an hour, entirely conquered by his irresistible fascinations. And it is just the same with the old ones. Many, to be sure, allege, indeed, that behind that titanic brow there is nothing but a cornfield, and that a threshed-out one."

While Erich had been speaking my eyes had wandered away from Paumwolf. His pale face, framed in by curling black beard and hair, reminded me, in fact, of the Zens of Otricoli. To me it was in the highest degree repugnant.

"Enough tears have recently been flowing from beautiful eyes since his betrothal with Fraulein Josepha Maier has appeared in the *Gazette*."

"Maier?" I involuntarily asked.

"Yes, yes," laughed Erich, "simply Maier with 'a d,' but passably pretty and immensely rich, of course. And since Fraulein Josepha does not look Jewish, Paumwolf can endure that his father-in-law *in spe* should have formerly been a cloth merchant in Frankfort-on-the-Main."

The coverstion having once turned on the handsome Paumwolf, it did not soon leave the subject. On the other side of our table the people were whispering about him, and one said:

"It is quite incomprehensible to me that he did not rather take the little Gerdshof, whom he so recently courted. The girl is of altogether different stock from the Maiers, and she seems to be head over ears in love with him."

"Yes, but the money—the money?" cried another.

"Well, at all events, this one is a blonde, too, and a very rude one," remarked a third. An idea suddenly seized me.

"Where does Fraulein Gerdshof live?" asked I of Erich.

He looked at me for a moment without speaking and then laughed aloud.

"Well, you certainly are amusing this evening with your abrupt questions. Besides being called Von Gerdshof of old Margravite nobility, her father is a pensioned general, but where she lives I do not know. Do you wish to console her for the loss of Paumwolf, old boy?"

I threw him a glance full of rage. A young assessor who sat at our table and seemed to have heard our dialogue called out to me: "I can give you the address, baron—Kurprinzen street, No. 35."

Ah! that was the very dwelling of my Unknown. I felt all the blood rush to my heart; then thanking him for the information, took my hat and stick, and without turning to reply to the jesting remarks of those remaining at the table, left the place to saunter, without aim or object, through the moonlit streets.

How, after long wandering hither and thither, I finally found myself before the much thought of house Kurprinzen street, I surely cannot tell. I went on the opposite side of the street and looked at the house standing before me in the clear moonlight. In the midst of blooming gardens the dainty villa rose, with its antique, vine-covered and many columned gallery in front, like the enchanted castles in story books. And the little fairy who wandered about therein? Was she still awake, sheltered behind the one single window of the gable-end, which was still lighted; grieving, perhaps, about the unfaithful Paumwolf? With pity, scorn and—yes I will confess it—burning jealousy in my heart, I at length turned my steps homeward to my quiet lodging.

After a rather sleepless and restless night, and several anxious morning hours, I made my way at the proper time for visiting, to Kurprinzen street. Now I was on the steps. Oh, the beating of my heart, the almost painful oppression that came over me! My pulses had not throbbed so wildly since long years ago, when the first volley of musketry whistled round my ears. In the lonely old family estate of Barwalde in the Mark, the last few years had passed away so quietly and monotonously; grave studies and a practical application of knowledge gained in early and distant travels had occupied me so exclusively that the etiquette of the great world had become strange and unknown to me. And yet it was not timidity alone which caused the blood to fly like lightning through my veins, which made me remark with almost tender interest the elegant brass plate with the name engraved: "Von Gerdshof." Now! Courage! The bell is pulled! I am in for it!

An old servant dressed in livery answered my ring, and on my asking if the master was at home, took my card and left me with the conventional "I will inquire;" but soon returned and opened for me the lofty folding door to the left of the entrance. His assurance that the master would be pleased to see me sounded very consoling to me.

Within the elegantly furnished salon I found the general, an old dignified gentleman, with erect, military bearing a martial, but not unfriendly countenance, and a long gray beard, which, however, was carefully shaved from the broad chin. After I had expressed to him my pleasure at being able to help his daughter in her dilemma, and he had thanked me for the slight service—he seemed to be informed of everything, and to have expected me somewhat—we passed from the usual forms of politeness to a lively conversation that extended over every possible topic. The time passed as if on wings! almost an hour was thus spent in chatting with the amiable old gentleman, and yet Fraulein Eveline had not appeared. But when at parting the general said he hoped to see me often at his house during my stay in the city, I could not refrain from pressing his hand in deep heartfelt gratitude. Not long afterwards I received a delicately written card—decidedly a lady's hand writing—in which Herr General Von Gerdshoff did himself the honor to invite Herr Baron Von T— to dine. I must confess I never had received an invitation with similar joy. What was the excitement and expectation of the first court ball, as compared with the impatient throbbing of my heart, with which I, on the appointed day, betook myself to the dinner. A numerous company had already assembled; many of the persons were known to me, were indeed friends, so that I soon found myself delightfully situated.

And the daughter of the house?

There stood Eveline with her friends, her grateful figure moving with bewitching grace among the guests; for she was obliged to assisted that aged, somewhat conventional-looking lady in doing the honors of the house—the General's wife had been dead many years—and I could not help admiring the tact and self-possession with which she, in spite of her youth, so charmingly filled her position as hostess. Here she asked an old gentleman after the health of his sick spouse; there whispered some pleasant remark to a young lady about her tasteful toilet, or repelled a too gallant cavalier with a scornful glance or a saucy answer. With each and all she knew just the right tone to take. She was surrounded by all. Every one flocked about her, who, like an apparition out of a store-book, moved around among those moulded fashion-plates. And yet there lay in her violet eyes, when she believed herself to be unobserved, a sad expression which did not accord with the conventional smile of the sweet, small mouth.

At length the signal for dinner was given, Eveline laid the tips of her dainty fingers on the arm of a tall blonde cavalier, a cousin of the family.

To my great annoyance my portion was the Countess Soundso, no longer in the first bloom of youth. I must add I had secretly hoped to see Eveline's angelic head at my side. With a mien which was certainly not very amiable I offered the countess my arm and led her to the place designated for us. Though otherwise a most estimable lady she almost drove me to despair with her loquacity, and while she even before soup inquired about my recent journey in the East and expressed a desire to hear something about my last new work, my glance strayed impatiently past the questioner in a vain search for Eveline. I had not had the opportunity to exchange one word with her. She had only nodded to me from across the room, pleasantly and confidingly, as to an old acquaintance.

Pretty soon I felt a gentle touch on my arm, and a voice only too well remembered asked shyly and at the same time saucily:

"Does mein Herr no longer recognize his protege?"

I turned quickly, and yes, there indeed was Eveline, who had been sitting next to me for full five minutes without my having observed her. My neighbor, the Countess, and Eveline's escort, the cousin in the Guards, very soon understood how much they might expect to be entertained by Eveline or myself during the four or five hours passed at the table. How the time sped and what were the general topics of conversation we never knew. But I was entirely happy during the whole time. Not once did I discover in her eyes that melancholy drooping which had before made me anxious. Oh, if I could only succeed in making her forget Paumwolf. To this fond, proud thought I concentrated all my mind and efforts. With rapture I noticed how her eyes hung so earnestly on my lips as I told her of my distant travels, and of my restles wandering about from one distant land to another. And when I spoke of my dear solitary Barwalde, with its sombre fir trees, and its rush-grown ponds; of my immense library and the beautiful grand piano which I often trusted to the hands of my observer, just to have some accompany instrument to my beloved violoncello, when I said, "surely, Frauline will also plays on the piano, and very much better, too, than my observer," a thoughtful smile spread over her dear, sweet face. She loved music very much, she replied, and it would give her pleasure to accompany me some day.

"I hope you will do that at Barwalde," I cried passionately. She dropped her lids over her cleer violet eyes and a deep blush spread over her cheek.

Eight days afterward Eveline was my betrothed. What did I care for all the Paumwolfs in the whole world!

On one of the very first days of our engagement we met the betrothed pair, Maier and Paumwolf, on the street.

"Shall we turn back, Evi?" I asked, playfully, though I could not prevent a slight feeling of anxiety from rising in my heart. She became very grave for a moment; then nestling closer to my side, looked up at me with her innocent, childlike eyes.

"You know I have left all that behind me," she said, softly.

I pressed her arm more closely to me. "Oh, Evi, my own sweet Evi!" I was so happy, so proud, that even the bold curiosity with which Lieutenant Paumwolf stared at us in passing could not irritate me.

Eveline and I have lived many years at our quiet old Barwalde, where the sun seemed never to have risen until Eveline's blonde head flitted through the house and grounds. But the happiest hours in our blissful life are those in which we sit confidingly together after the cares and duties of the day are over, and the tones of the piano and violoncello mingle their sounds on the still evening air.

Country Fairs.

The time is near at hand for the annual country fairs. There is no question but that these gatherings are of great benefit to a community, and particularly the agricultural part of it, when they are properly conducted. Their success depends not alone on the societies having them in charge, but also upon the members of the community where they are held. It is the duty of the society to arrange the grounds and buildings for exhibition as neatly and conveniently as their funds will permit, to offer as liberal inducements as they can to exhibitors, to arrange their premiums according to the value and importance of articles, and to make their awards on a fair and just basis.

But when they have done this, and all their other duties in the premises, much remains to be done to make the fair a success. The surrounding community should take an active interest in it both in contributing to the display and by attendance. It should take but a small measure of public spirit to induce every person living in the vicinity of the fair grounds to help in some way towards making a creditable showing. Where a society in its arrangements has not departed from the original purposes of an agricultural fair, the results upon the community are of the most beneficial character. Its more direct benefits consist in introducing a natural and healthy competition in a most important industry, in stimulating the people to more careful and judicious work, in imparting new ideas and useful information in regard to matters of the farm and household. Many other benefits indirectly arise from them, such as the promotion of social intercourse among a class of people whose occupations too often kept them strangers to each other.

Where a fair is so conducted that it is worthy of support, each member of the community should feel an individual responsibility for its success. Contribute to the display in some department; or, if not this year, try to produce something for the next. Encourage it at least by your attendance and by a manifestation of interest in the productions of the industry of others.—*N. Y. Observer.*

Frightened by Edwin Forrest.

One of the best known of American actors, who is now living in modest retirement, the other day told this story of the stage to a party of friends:

"I began my professional career as a supernumerary at one of the New York theatres," said he, "and I shall never forget my first speaking part. Forrest was playing 'Macbeth,' and I was supporting him by carrying a spear. At the last moment the utility man, who was to announce that Birham Wood seemed approaching Dunsinane, was nowhere to be found. I was very ambitious, and had often besought the stage manager to let me essay a speaking part. The golden opportunity had come. I was selected to go on in the utility man's place. A few moments sufficed to make me perfect in the one line I had to speak. When I heard my cue I marched on the stage and boldly announced Mr. Forrest: 'As I stood looking toward Birnam, anon me thought the wood began to move.' Quick as a flash Forrest had seized me by the throat and roared out in his most terrible voice: 'Liar and slave!' Being taken wholly unawares, I really thought my last hour had come and that Macbeth was going to kill me. My face was blanched with fear, my knees knocked together and I had just strength enough to articulate: 'Forgive me Mr. Forrest, I didn't mean to tell a lie, and I only said what the stage manager told me.' Like the difficult passages in novels, the shout that went up from the audience may be better imagined than described. The situation was too much for even Forrest himself, and for once even old Metamora's stern features relaxed."

Allen Pinkerton's Joke.

The late Allan Pinkerton had a company of gentlemen at his country seat near Chicago, one cold winter day a few years ago. For an hour he took him about his place, showing them this, that and the other, and when at length they arrived at the house, they were thoroughly chilled.

"Now, gentlemen," he said: "I want you to try some of this old Scotch whiskey," and his guests partook quite freely of his hospitality. Then he invited them into the library, where there was a large stove, of the type known as the gas burner, apparently glowingly hot, and the party seated themselves about it, holding out their benumbed hands to catch the warmth. Here they chatted for a time, when suddenly Mr. Pinkerton remarked:

"It strikes me that stove doesn't send out much heat. How do you feel?"

And each and everyone replied that he felt delightfully warm, too warm, in fact, and suggested that the stove door be opened. Mr. Pinkerton acted on the suggestion, and, to the astonishment of his guests, revealed two lighted candles resting upon a huge block of ice, as the only contents.

"See, gentlemen," said he; "what a vivid imagination and a little Scotch whiskey will do."

"How to fasten show-bills to windows" is the heading in an exchange. The best way is to give the clerk a free pass to the show.

Death of Secretary Folger.

Secretary Folger died at his home in Geneva, N. Y., at 4.55 Thursday afternoon. It was so sudden that time was not offered to summon his children to his bedside, and neither of them was there. The only persons present were Mrs. Hart, of Auburn, his deceased wife's sister; Drs. Knapp and Law, associates of his family physician, Dr. A. B Smith, and his colored servant, James. Dr. Smith, Captain J. S. Lewis had left him only a short time before his death. Dr. Henry Foster, of the Clifton Springs Sanitarium, who had been there two or three times as consulting physician, arrived on the 4.45 train and was conveyed to the Folger mansion by Dr. Smith, Mrs. Ernst, of Buffalo, the Secretary's sister, arrived by the same train. Just as the three entered the room the Secretary breathed his last and all was over. Secretary Folger's two daughters were in the Adirondacks, the older being in very feeble health. His son, Captain Charles W. Folger, was at Alexandria Va. All had been written to come to Geneva. The telegraph was not resorted to earlier, as so sudden a termination of the father's malady was not apprehended.

The Secretary returned to Geneva for the last time on Wednesday evening, the 20th ultimo. He called his family physician next morning. The doctor gives the following diagnosis of the case of his distinguished patient; Great feebleness of the heart's action; congestion of the middle lobe of the right lung and capillary congestion of the bronchial tubes; torpor of the liver; albuminous discharge of urine, showing disease of the kidneys.

The doctor was informed that the Secretary had had hemorrhage of the lungs three times of late before his return home—the first while out yachting with friends in New York, on which occasion he discharged about a pint of blood. Secretary Folger rode out daily up to and including the 29th ult., after which he kept his room, but did not wholly abandon office work. He continued to answer important letters and telegrams up to Wednesday and seemed reluctant to give up. Yet he was by no means unconscious of his critical condition and trusted to his friend, Captain Lewis, final messages to his children and other directions of a confidential nature. Within a few moments after the Secretary expired telegrams announcing the sad event were dispatched to President Arthur at Newport. Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Coon, Frank Sperry, his private secretary; Hon. Thomas C. Acton, Assistant Treasurer at New York, and Judge Andrews, of Syracuse.

Charles J. Folger was a native of Massachusetts and was born April 16, 1818, having passed his sixty-sixth year at the time of his death. He removed to Geneva, N. Y. at the age of twelve years and was graduated from the Geneva College with the honors of his class in 1836, being then but eighteen years of age. He at once began the study of law in the office of Mark H. Sibley, at Canandaigua. Young Folger was admitted to the bar in 1839 and soon achieved prominence in his profession. He was appointed Judge of the Ontario Court of Common Pleas in 1814, remaining on the bench one year. He was also master and examiner in chancery until the Chancery Court was abolished by the Constitution of 1846. In 1851 he was elected County Judge of Ontario county, holding that office four years. Having political as well as judicial aspirations he was elected to the State Senate in 1801 and continued in that body for eight years. He served as chairman of the judiciary committee and was President pro tem. of the Senate during the last four years of his service in that body, being the recognized leader of his party. He acted with the Republican party from its first

THE COLUMBIAN.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1884.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

STEPHEN GROVER CLEVELAND,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

THOMAS A. HENDRICKS,

OF INDIANA.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

ELECTORS-AT-LARGE,

RICHARD VAUX, B. J. MCGRANN, H. B. PLUMER.

ELECTORS,

Dist.		Dist.	
1.	John Slevin.	15.	George S. Purdy.
2.	J. P. J. Sensenderfer.	16.	P. H. Ackley.
3.	John W. Lee.	17.	John P. Levan.
4.	H. J. Horan.	18.	Ezra D. Parker.
5.	R. L. Wright.	19.	S. W. Mumma.
6.	J. H. Brinton.	20.	A. H. Dill.
7.	Wm. Stahler.	21.	F. P. James.
8.	C. F. Reutschler.	22.	J. K. P. Duff.
9.	H. M. North.	23.	John Swan.
10.	H. G. Stiles.	24.	A. B. Winternitz.
11.	A. G. Broadhead.	25.	John B. Hill.
12.	F. V. Rockafellow.	26.	Wm. A. Forquer.
13.	Richard Rahn.	27.	A. J. Greenfield.
14.	George H. Irwin.		

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE,

W. W. H. DAVIS.

FOR CONGRESS.

DR. O. A. MEGARGELL,

OF ORANGEVILLE.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

A. L. FRITZ,

OF BLOOMSBURG.

WILLIAM BRYSON,

OF CENTRALIA.

FOR PROTHONOTARY.

W. H. SNYDER,

OF ORANGE.

FOR REGISTER & RECORDER.

G. W. STERNER,

OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

P. A. EVANS,

OF MONTOUR TOWNSHIP.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

STEPHEN POHE

OF CENTRE TOWNSHIP.

WASHINGTON PARR,

OF FRANKLIN.

FOR COUNTY AUDITORS,

ELI ROBBINS,

OF FISHINGCREEK.

E. M. TEWKSBURY,

OF CATAWISSA.

STANDING COMMITTEE.

The Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, requests each member of the Standing Committee to make an appointment of a Vigilance Committee for his election district, borough or township consisting of at least two members, in addition to the member of the Standing Committee, and in the larger districts three or four, as may be necessary, and the members of the Standing Committee will promptly within not more than one week send the name to the chairman.

GEO. E. ELWELL, Secretary. DAVID LOWENBERG, Chairman.

		Post Office.
Beaver	J. Rittenhouse,	Beaver Valley.
Berwick—E.	Isaiah Bower,	Berwick.
Berwick—W.	G. A. Carey,	Berwick.
Benton	G. W. Hirleman	Benton.
Bloom—E.	David Lowenberg,	Bloomsburg.
Bloom—W.	Geo. E. Elwell,	"
Briarcreek	M. L. Housknecht,	Willow Springs.
Catawissa	W. T. Creasy	Catawissa.
Centralia	D. F. Curry	Centralia.
Centre	Samuel Hilley	Light Street.
Conyngham N.	John Brennan	Centralia.
Conyngham S.	John Monroe,	Ashland.
Fishingcreek	L. M. Creveling,	Van Camp.
Franklin	Daniel Loreman,	Pennsyl.
Greenwood	L. B. Patton,	Greenwood.
Hemlock	James Harris,	Buck Horn.
Jackson	S. W. McHenry,	Waller's.
Locust	J. Snyder,	Roaringcreek.
Madison	Miles Smith	Jerseytown.
Main	J. W. Keichner,	Mainville.
Mifflin	D. H. Montgomery	Mifflinville.
Montour	G. A. Stonge	Grovania.
Mt. Pleasant	Jacob Gilbert	Canby.
Orange	C. W. Ammerman	Orangeville.
Pine	G. H. Gardner	Pine Summit.
Roaringcreek	James Knittle,	Mill Grove.
West Scott	G. P. Reighard,	Light Street.
East Scott	D. Geisinger	Espy.
Sugarloaf	W. B. Peterman,	Cole's Creek.

VIGILANCE COMMITTEE.

Bloom E.—A. V. Hower, J. H. Maize, C. H. Campbell, J. B. Casey, C. W. Jones, Ed. Yost, Charles Hassert, and Jas. Sterner.

Bloom W.—F. D. Dentler, C. A. Klein, Thomas Gorman, R. R. Little, Clinton Sterling and W. W. Barrett.

Montour—Henry H. Keller, Ed Wheeler.

S. Conyngham—Patrick Haley, Andrew Donahue.

Greenwood—Wm. Eyer, A. J. Derr, J. P. DeWitt.

Berwick E.—P. S. Hanley, A. D. Seeley, Samuel Chamberlain, Freeman Sitler and James Hayman.

Sugarloaf—W. A. Kile, A. K. Fritz, Wm. L. Hettinger.

Catawissa—E. M. Tewksbury, J. B. Robbins, Wm. Shuck.

Fishingcreek—T. H. Edgar, Lewis Betshline, W. J. Kreamer, J. M. Ammerman and W. N. Hosier.

Main—John F. Bowman J. J. Nuss, John A. Shuman.

Orange.—Wm. Mastellar, Isaac K. Dildine, Amos Neyhard.

Berwick, W.—A. G. Kimberly, Will T. Snyder, C. B. Jackson, Richard Williams.

Scott, W.—Isaac Reichard, John Crawford, Mace Pettit.

Roaringcreek.—Wm. Yeager, Daniel Long.

Centre.—H. A. Sweppenheiser, A. D. Brader, Levi Remley.

What troubles the intelligent voter now is how Blaine, on a salary of $5,000 a year, could live in Washington and yet lay up $500,000 each year. Blaine was in Congress twenty years, and is worth over a million dollars. For his mansion at Washington he receives the handsome rent of $13,000 annually.

What of Pennsylvania!

At the outset of the campaign we gave the figures to prove that Pennsylvania, regarding its large vote, was one of the doubtful States. Conceding a Republican plurality of 20,000, and mindful of how often the Republicans have been disclosed as an actual minority, it requires the smallest possible percentage, of change or indifference on one side or superior organization on the other, to carry Pennsylvania for the Democrats.

The first stage of the campaign is passed. The registry is made. During the next thirty days taxes are to be payed and naturalizations to be effected. Meantime the party is setting its sails to catch the favorable currents that have prevailed lately. The local nominations are being made satisfactorily, while the opposition is rent with factious feud in nearly every quarter, the Democrats are rapidly getting into good shape. Without much demonstration, during the last ten days, a great deal of quiet effective work has been done by the Pennsylvania Democrats. They may be gratified to know that politically theirs is to-day a doubtful State; they will not be satisfied until it is Democratic.—*The Post.*

WESTERN NEWS.

LETTER FROM THE SENIOR EDITOR.

Since I last wrote, we spent several days more at Sheboygan, and among the many pleasant things that went to make our visit a delightful one, was the excursion up Lake Michigan to Manitowoc on the steamer Muskegon. The weather was lovely and the water smooth, so that no one suffered from sea sickness. The ride was about 25 miles each way, and we made 10 miles an hour. The town of Manitowoc is quite an old settlement as they go here. A village thirty or forty years old is considered quite ancient for this part of the country. There are some very nice buildings in Manitowoc, but certain parts of the place look as though the inhabitants had moved away and forgot to come back. There is an evident lack of enterprise, and Sheboygan, which used to consider Manitowoc as something of a rival, has walked away from it, the former place rapidly increasing in population and manufacturing interests, while the latter has stood still. In making the trip the steamer runs the entire distance in sight of the western shore of the lake. One could stand on the opposite side of the boat and easily imagine himself on the ocean. The green waters stretch out until they seem to meet the sky in the horizon. Here and there are vessels of every description, and away off yonder are visible the upper sails of a schooner, whose hull is out of sight, giving it the appearance of a sunken wreck. At one time the water was dotted with hundreds of sea-gulls, and many of them hovered around the steamer as we passed through them. The lake is not always as peaceful as it was this day, and woe betide the unlucky craft that is caught out on its bosom when the wind lashes the waters into a fury. The hull of a scow now lies high and dry on a reef of rocks at Sheboygan, having been driven up by a gale several months ago.

The dedication of the new organ at Plymouth, of which I spoke in my former letter, took place on the 31st ult. The church was crowded both morning and evening, and the services were greatly enjoyed by all who participated.

MILWAUKEE.

The city of Milwaukee is built on the shore of the lake, and is one of the most beautiful cities in the country. It would be impossible to describe it in so brief a letter as this, and I can only allude to some of its leading features. The Soldiers' Home is a government institution, embracing large and elegant buildings and extensive grounds which are kept in the best of order. Here soldiers who have grown gray in the service are cared for in their old age. The Plankinton Hotel is said to be one of the best in the west. The rooms are elegantly furnished, and the dining room, which has just been completed, is called the most magnificent one in this country. People out here never do anything by halves and in the matter of hotels they are not behind. Milwaukee has an efficient paid fire department. One day I went to one of the engine houses to witness the drill. The stables are at one end of the room where the apparatus is kept, and the stalls are arranged with doors at the horses' heads. At 12 o'clock, noon, a gong sounded, and at the same moment the stall doors were opened by electricity, and nine horses came out on a jump, each one taking his proper position, and in about 10 seconds everything was ready to start for a fire. This drill occurs three times every day. The firemen have very comfortable quarters up stairs with a bath room, library, &c. In each room there is a square hole in the floor, and a brass pole about four inches in diameter extends down to the engine room. Grasping this pole with one arm the men slide down with lightning rapidity, and are all in their places when the horses are hitched. The precision and rapidity with which man and beast perform their parts are truly astonishing.

Milwaukee is celebrated for its beer. I cannot tell how many breweries are here, nor how many barrels are made a year, but both figures are large. Almost everybody drinks it, and as licenses are granted by the city authorities, anybody can open a saloon, and yet there is no more, if as much drunkenness as in towns of fewer drinking places and less beer.

AN EXCEPTION TO THE RULE.

Our Prohibition friends tell us that drinking makes drunkards, and drunkards make paupers, and as a general thing, I presume this is true, but a singular instance has come under my notice which is an exception to the rule. In the town of Plymouth, with 1200 inhabitants, there are 30 or 40 saloons, and yet the corporation has a poor fund of over a thousand dollars on hand, and no way to spend it, because there is not a pauper in the town limits.

BEAVER DAM.

We spent two pleasant days at this place, a town about the size of Bloomsburg. It is located 60 miles west from Milwaukee. There is a cotton mill here that employs 200 hands, and a number of other manufacturing establishments. In two things the people here are ahead of our place. They have a three story brick town hall, containing rooms for fire apparatus and companies, council room, and a hall. This is one thing. The other is that nearly all the fences have been taken down, and the lawns are kept in fine condition, without fear of intrusion of cattle. They shut them up out here. This is the other thing. Eastern civilization can learn something from the west after all, in some respects.

A FEW CELEBRITIES.

Opportunites have been afforded for seeing several men who are prominently before the people just now. One day last week when we reached the depot at Milwaukee, we discovered a man addressing a crowd of about 100 persons, from the rear of a car. The bald, the button-hole bouquet, and the squint eye could not be mistaken; it was that horny-handed son of toil, Ben Butler. He was on his way to Minneapolis to attend a fair. Some one said he was traveling around earning his bread by the sweat of his *cheek*. The only thing that I heard Butler say was that the party that is defeated this fall will never be heard of again. This may be true, but it will not be the Democratic party.

On Sunday morning while we were at breakfast at the Leland House in Chicago, our waiter informed us that Gen. Logan was expected in a few minutes, and we succeeded in catching a glimpse of "Black Jack." I failed to notice anything peculiar about him, except that he did not look as though he would ever be vice-president of this nation. Poor man! How disappointed he will be! Carl Schurz is in this country speaking to the Germans with great effect. He has a strong influence over his countrymen, and the result of his visit here will be felt on election day.

CHICAGO.

This is our last stopping place. Chicago has more push, more bustle, more pork and more wickedness than any other city I know of. It is hard to distinguish Sunday from any other day. Many business places, the theatres and all the saloons are kept open, men work on the streets, and the crowd that gathers in the park listen to political speeches in the afternoon. Talk about reform in politics! What Chicago wants is reform in morals, and if all the foreign missionaries sent to heathen nations from the United States should be called home and put to work right here they would have a field of labor opened before them, not quite so wide, but far more hopeless than India and Africa combined.

The exposition now open here, is a success. It reminds one forcibly of the Centennial. It is held in the building where both parties held their national conventions. The political situation still grows encouraging. Carter Harrison is making it lively in this state (Illinois) and expects to be elected governor by the Democrats. A number of prominent Republicans have recently come over to Cleveland, and the Democrats will stick to the ticket. Blaine's libel suits against an Indianapolis paper has not given him any advantage thus far, and as it is expected the case will be tried in October, he may get a pair of black eyes before election day. If not it looks as though his optics will be badly discolored on the 4th of November, sure.

E.

THE OHIO REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE APPEALING TO THE DEAD.

The situation in Ohio is so alarming to the republicans that they are appealing to every one to come and assist or the state will be lost to them. Invitations are sent out to all prominent republicans to lend them aid to stem the tide during this month. In their anxiety to include such persons as the people might put confidence in they sent the following letter to Senator Morrill who has been dead for the past eighteen months:

SENATOR LOT M. MORRILL:

DEAR SIR:—The situation in Ohio is a critical one. The party is in trouble on account of the attacks on Mr. Blaine as the candidate of the party. Your well known character as a pure and upright statesman, and coming from Blaine's own state, you could refute the charges as no one else can. We hope you will come to us in this emergency, and make as many speeches as possible.

The letter fell into the hands of his wife who was so indignant and amazed that any republicans should be ignorant of the death of her husband. She at once sat down and wrote on the back of the sheet this reply:

To BROWN, Chairman, Columbus, Ohio:—I am surprised and shocked to receive such a communication. I thought every citizen of this country knew my husband was at rest. I am in mourning for him, but, as much as I mourn his death, I thank my Father in heaven that he called him home before the party he loved so well and did so much for had so disgraced itself as to nominate so wicked and corrupt a man for the highest office within the gift of the American people, as I know and my husband knew James G. Blaine to be. If he were alive he would not support Mr. Blaine or any such man, even at the bidding of his party.

CHARLOTTE MORRILL.

In an interview in reference to the above Mrs. Morrill, said, "When Garfield was nominated, my husband said to me, sadly and seriously, "My dear, the Republican candidate will be elected this time; but unless new methods are used in the party and new and better men become its leaders, he will be the last one. You will live to see a Democrat elected four years hence. I will not. My husband died of his devotion to the party of which he thus so sadly spoke. It is unquestioned that the breaking down of his health dated from his, perhaps, too faithful performance of his duties at the Treasury Department. He was visited by Mr. Blaine at the beginning of the Congressional investigation into the Little Rock Railroad bonds. Mr. Blaine as he did to Mulligan, importuned my husband with tears and entreaties to save him. When my husband resigned to go into the Cabinet it was generally understood, and my husband so understood, that Governor Chamberlain would be appointed to fill the vacancy. Instead, and to the surprise of every one, Governor Connor appointed Mr. Blaine, then a representative in Congress and under charges in that body, to fill the vacancy."

As Mrs. Blaine intimated, the appointment of Mr. Blaine ro the vacancy was evidently to save him from the further investigation and the inevitable incriminating verdict of the committee. Governor Connor had his reward. He is now Pension Agent for this state, the best office next to the Collectorship.

Blaine and Garfield.

A Washington telegram to *The Missouri Republican* says: The following story of President Garfield's sickness, which can be readily established by several who were parties to it, shows what some of Mr. Garfield's most intimate acquaintances have long known, that Mr. Blaine's claims to having been one of the murdered president's sincerest friends are a false pretense, and that in a most trying moment he proved altogether unfaithful. Mr. Blaine, as is known to all who were about President Garfield after he was shot was one of the first to make up his mind that he would not live. While yet most of the cabinet and the attending friends believed he might recover, Mr. Blaine began to look out for his own future. Accordingly in August, while Garfield was still lying at the White House, Blaine one day asked the different members of the cabinet to meet him for consultation at his house on an important matter.

When they were assembled he stated to them his opinion that a case of presidential inability had arisen under the constitution; that the president was seriously disabled, and was not likely to recover for a long time, if ever. He proposed and urged, that the cabinet should agree with him to summon Vice President Arthur to Washington, to Administer the oath of office to him, and install him as president de facto, or acting president. This astounding proposition two members of the cabinet vigorously opposed. They declared that nothing in the circumstances of the country or in the condition of President Garfield called for such action. They urged that the mere knowledge that the question of deposing him had been even considered would, if it should come to Garfield's ears, do more to dishearten and kill him than the shot of Guiteau. In spite of these and other considerations, Mr. Blaine persisted in advocating his scheme. Some strong language was used by those who took the lead in the opposition to Blaine's proposition. It was even suggested that it would be no better than an act of treachery to the wounded president. Secretary Blaine soon found that he stood alone, and was reluctantly obliged to drop his scheme.

There is excellent authority for the statement that he took measures to inform Vice President Arthur that he had wished and proposed to have him installed as president but had been prevented by the opposition of the rest of the cabinet. It is also known that at no moment did Mr. Arthur give the slightest favorable response to any feature of such a proposition. This was the first move in Blaine's game to make a friend of Arthur, and secure himself a place in Arthur's cabinet by offering his support and service while Garfield was still living and had hopes of recovery. It was also true that for weeks after Mr. Arthur had succeeded to the presidency Blaine exhausted all means in his power to retain the position of secretary of state. More than a plain hint was required to make him understand that he could not remain.

He was ready to make any promises of fidelity to the new chief, but Mr. Arthur would not trust him; but while very civil to him, even so far as to offer him a foreign mission, he insisted on his resignation from the cabinet.

Election in Maine.

The State election in Maine was held on Monday, and resulted in a Republican majority of 17,000. In 1876 when there was a straight Democratic and Republican ticket in the field, the Republican majority was 15,444, which was the smallest majority that had been cast at any Governor's election since the organization of the Republican party. In 1880 there was a fusion of the Democrats and Greenback parties, which resulted in a victory for the fusionists of 190 majority. At the present election there was but the two parties in the field, and the vote should properly be compared with the vote of 1876. In view of the fact that Mr. Blaine had pledged himself to vote for the Prohibition amendment in consideration that the Prohibitionsts should in return cast their vote for the Republican candidate for Governor, we would not have been surprised had the majority reached 20,000. The following special correspondence to the Philadelphia *Press* of Sunday, August 24th, will show how important the Republicans regarded a victory in Blaine's own State, and with what vigor they pushed the campaign: "Some idea of the efforts being put forth here by the Republican State Committee, and of the zeal with which the whole campaign is being conducted, can be gained from the following list of gentlemen outside of Maine, who have been secured to make addresses in this state. No dates have been arranged, but these prominent speakers have been positively engaged; General George W. Carter of New York, General Joseph R. Hawley of Connecticut, Congressman Hiscock of New York, Hon. R. G. Horr of Michigan, Hon. Warner Miller, United States senator from New York, Hon. Nelson W. Aldrich, senator from Rhode Island, Hon. E. Moody Boynton of Massachusetts, Hon. Thomas M. Bayne of Pennsylvania, Prof. J. W. V. Rich of New Hampshire, Hon. William Cumback of Indiana, Senator O. H. Platt of Connecticut, Senator Plumb of Kansas, Congressman Rice of Massachusetts, Hon. Emory Storrs of Illinois, Colonel Plummer of Dakota, Sullivan B. Allen of Boston, Hon. William Gibson of Ohio, Hon. Anson S. Wood of New York, General John L. Swift of Boston, John B. Roney of Philadelphia, Hon. Nathan Goff, Jr., of West Virginia."

The Democrats had but few speakers in the State, and very little money with which to conduct the campaign. In fact, all the money that was used was contributed by the Democrats in their own State, while Blaine was continually urging the National Committee to send up funds for use in his state.

In speaking of the majority that the Republican candidate received the Philadelphia *Times* thus says: "This is a little more than the regular party majority in Maine. In 1868 the Republicans carried the State in September by 20,00; in 1872 by 17,000, and in 1876 by 15,000. In 1878 there was again a Republican plurality of 15,000, but at this time the Greenback split mixed the politics of the State all up and it had only began to settle down again two years ago. This year the Republicans and Prohibitionists have got back the old majority, swelled, perhaps, by a few additional votes cast out of compliment to Blaine. It is a good enough victory to hurrah over, but when we come to measure it it is found to be a kind of victory that does not go very far. If he had done much less than this in his own State, Mr. Blaine might as well have retired from the canvass."

Read and Ponder.

There are nearly $500,000,000 lying idle in the United States treasury at Washington, and yet there are thousands of idle workingmen in the country—idle because they can get nothing to do. In addition to this, business everywhere is fearfully dull, and their is no telling when it will be any better, or when these thousands of idle men are going to get work to enable them to live through the coming winter. The prospect is indeed a cheerless one, and only God knows what the end will be.

But now suppose these five hundred million dollars lying in the treasury at Washington, unemployed and doing nobody any good, were back in the pockets of the people, the tax-payers from whom it was gathered in the shape of taxes, under the silly pretense that the Government needed a redundant revenue,—we say, suppose this vast amount of money in the treasury that the government don't need, was returned to the pockets of the people or to the communities from which big amounts were exacted,—wouldn't business brisk up? wouldn't the idle men find plenty to do? wouldn't the stagnation disappear, and wouldn't the manufacturing and industrial interests of the country boom?

But the Republican party *want* this redundant revenue. They want all this enormous amount of money to lie idle in the treasury, even though the workingmen and their families may be famished for food and all the business and manufacturing interests cease. And the Republican party not only want this, but they want *more*. They want the Government to pile on the taxes, to wring the last cent from the pockets of the laboring man. They want this money to enrich themselves with—to speculate upon—to appropriate on big contracts—in short they want it *so they can steal it*. That's the long and short of the whole matter—the entire business in a nut-shell.

Now, the Democrats are opposed to this redundant revenue They don't want any money in the treasury, except what is needed to decently run the government and pay the pensions. That is all the people ought to be taxed for, all that is necessary to have. But the Republicans fight against any reduction of the revenue—with them it is nothing but money, money, money. And as they have been in power for twenty years, they have controlled the financial business of the government until they now have nearly $500,000,000 piled up in the treasury, while business is dead and hundreds of thousands are out of work, with winter staring them in the face.

Thus it is that the people are robbed and cheated by this Republican party, who are asking to be continued in power for another presidential term, and who have put up their worst and most unscrupulous leader as their candidate. Will the people who have thus been robbed and cheated, again allow themselves to be hoodwinked and fooled. We shall see.—*Bellefonte Watchman.*

Ohio as a Presidential Factor.

The supporters of Mr. Blaine must carry Ohio in October if they would avert certain and overwhelming disaster in November. If that state should declare against them in October it will be noticed that their candidate will not receive the electoral votes of one-third of the states. They are of course shrewd enough to understand the effect the loss of Ohio in October would have upon the election in November and they will therefore direct all their energies from this time forth to the capture of that state at the approaching state election.

On the contrary, while the democrats would have a walk-over if Ohio should elect the democratic state ticket in October, the loss of that state will not by any means insure the defeat of Cleveland. In 1876 the republicans carried Ohio at the October election and also in November, but Tilden and Hendricks nevertheless had majorities in a sufficient number of states to give them a majority in the electoral college. The states which must be carried for Cleveland are as follows:

		Electors
Alabama	10	"
Arkansas	6	"
Delaware	3	"
Florida	4	"
Georgia	12	"
Indiana	15	"
Kentucky	13	"
Louisiana	8	"
Maryland	8	"
Mississippi	9	"
Missouri	16	"
New York	36	"
North Carolina	11	"
South Carolina	9	"
Tennessee	12	"
Texas	13	"
Virginia	12	"
West Virginia	6	"
	205	"

The electoral college consists of 401 members, 201 being a majority. The states above named therefore cast a majority of the entire electoral vote. If New Jersey be added, and that state is as surely democratic as Georgia or Kentucky, the total electoral vote for Cleveland will be brought up to 212. If West Virginia be omitted, the Cleveland electoral vote would still be 209. This estimate is based on the certainty of New York and Indiana casting their electoral votes for Cleveland. Besides these states the democrats will most likely carry Michigan, Wisconsin, California, Nevada and Connecticut, in which event Cleveland could be elected without New York and Indiana. It will be observed that in all of these combinations Ohio is not counted, and it is therefore apparent that Cleveland can be elected without the electoral vote of that state just as Tilden was in 1876.—*Patriot.*

ESTRAY NOTICE.

Come to the premises of the undersigned in Madison township about June 1st, 1883, two cows and two lambs—all bearing the same mark. The owner will please come, prove property, pay costs, and take them away or they will be disposed of according to law.

PERRY BENFIELD, Millville.

BRIDGE LETTING.

Will be let at the Commissioners Office in Bloomsburg on Tuesday, September, 30th, 1884 at 10 o'clock a. m., a new bridge to be erected over Pine creek above Jones mill in Fishingcreek township, where the open bridge now stands. To be a wooden brace covered bridge 60 feet long between abutments. Wing walls 30 feet long on east and west sides of bridge to be repaired and good coping put on. One abutment to be rebuilt and the other to be repaired. Contractor so as to admit of skewback three feet from top of wall plates. Plans and specifications can be seen at the Commissioners office, Bloomsburg, Pa.

CHILES REICHART, B. F. EDGAR, JOSHUA FETTERMAN. } Com'rs.

Attest: JOHN B. CASEY. Commissioner's Office Bloomsburg, Pa. Sept. 8th 1884.

ORNAMENTAL IRON FENCES.

OF CAST OR WROUGHT IRON.

Suitable for

Yards,

Cemetery Lots

and

Public Grounds.

—:o:—

The following shows the Picket Gothic, one of the several beautiful styles of Fence manufactured by the undersigned.

For Beauty and Durability they are unsurpassed. All work done by experienced hands and warranted to give satisfaction.

Prices and specimens of other designs sent to any address.

Address

S. M. HESS,

BLOOMSBURG PA.

May 4-tf

WANTED Energetic, reliable men to sell Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Shrubs, Roses, etc. Salary and expenses paid. Full instructions given to inexperienced men can soon learn the business. Address J. P. LeCLARE, Brighton, N. Y. (1 mile east of Rochester, N. Y.)

COLEMAN Business

COLLEGE, Newark, N. J.—100 students from Pennsylvania in 1883. More positions for graduates than all other schools combined. Life Scholarship, $60. Write for circulars. COLEMAN & PALMER, Props'rs. Sept. 12-4 w

WANAMAKER'S.

Philadelphia, September 8, 1884.

What happens to a maker of any article of general use who surpasses other makers who make the same thing? He gathers the trade. Nothing but woful mismanagement can keep him from heading his industry, whatever it is.

There's a maker of cashmeres who does that; Lupin. There are many other makers of cashmere; a great many others as good as the makers of other like stuffs. But, when we put their cashmeres side by side with Lupin's, price by price, to be looked at and felt of, taken or rejected, by ladies who wear them, Lupin's are taken and the others rejected with almost unanimous judgment. There is something in the feel of the goods, something that responds to the touch rather than sight, a certain solidity added to softness, a certain firmness in the very delicacy of the fibre itself, something alluring, something assuring, that wins the satisfied choice. If Lupin's weave is not there, the others are soft and smooth and pleasing enough. Comparison alone brings out the supreme refinement of work and material that cannot be accidental. It is work of a master; material refined by a master's skill.

There is no Lupin. The famous maker has done his work and gone. His fame is entrusted to worthy successors who honor the name by keeping the factory standard up. The supremacy of the name is made the more significant by the very fact that the winner of the unquestioned laurel is out of the race. There is no longer any personal triumph in the name. There is a fortune for the inheritors of its use. There is release from watchfulness for the merchant. There is confidence for the buyer. There is a standard of magnificent attainment for the makers of similar stuffs. There is cheer for deserving in every sort of industry. The world is a gainer every way.

We are led to these pleasant reflections by the rather prosaic fact that a new lot of Lupin's 50-cent cashmeres has come; twenty colors or more. But that's no wonderful thing. We had already about the same colors in the finer grades of Lupin's cashmeres, 60, 75, 85 cents and a dollar. They are constantly coming and going. The new are not new, and the old are not old. When you look at them piled on the shelves, it never occurs to you, "Are they new or old?" "Are they Lupin's?" "They are." And then you wonder whether you are not going to pay something for the prestige of an eminent name; and you want to see other makers' cashmeres. So we also keep them. But we try not to keep anything to look at and never to sell; and, when we buy cashmeres other than Lupin's, we are apt to be sparing. We can't lay them in with so generous hand.

On the whole there is no other collection of cashmeres in town that approaches our own, especially when the range is widened a little and kindred fabrics taken in. In town did we say? Is there any beyond Jersey? Where, anywhere, is there a store that gathers so for rich and poor alike? Where, anywhere, a store that makes the trade of the rich so help the trade of the poor, and the trade of the poor so help the trade of the rich? But that is another subject.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

Chestnut, Thirteenth, and Market streets and City-hall square.

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY. Moyer's new building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Assets.
Ætna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn	$7,078,220
Royal of Liverpool	13,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,032
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,183,710
Phœnix, of London	5,266,376
London & Lancashire, of England	1,709,920
Hartford, of Hartford	3,375,000
Springfield Fire and Marine	2,082,580

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 28, '81-

DO YOU KNOW THAT LORILLARD'S CLIMAX PLUG TOBACCO,

With Red Tin Tag, is the best? Is the purest; is never adulterated with glucose, barytes, molasses, or any deleterious ingredients, as is the case with many other tobaccos.

LORILLARD'S ROSE LEAF FINE CUT TOBACCO

Is also made of the finest stock, and for aromatic chewing quality is second to none.

LORILLARD'S NAVY CLIPPINGS,

take first rank as a solid durable smoking tobacco wherever introduced.

LORILLARD'S FAMOUS SNIFFS,

have been used for over 124 years, and are sold to a larger extent than any others.

Sept 12-4 w F

SUBSCRIBE NOW FOR

THE COLUMBIAN

$1.50 A YEAR.

C. B. ROBBINS,

DEALER IN

Foreign and Domestic

WINES AND LIQUORS,

AND JOBBER IN CIGARS.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. C. GALIGNAN,

PLUMBER,

GAS AND STEAM FITTER.

SHEET METAL WORK

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

PAID TO

SEWERAGE & DRAINAGE.

For Tetter, Ringworm, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Pimples Blotches, Boils, Ulcers, Female Complaints, and all diseases arising in or transmitted by the blood, USE

Dr. LINDSEY'S BLOODSEARCHER.

This celebrated Vegetable Compound has no equal, and is an infallible remedy when used as directed. Send for circular.

For sale by all Druggists. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Propr's Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sep 5-4 w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on

Monday, Sept. 22, '84,

at 2 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate, to-wit:

The undivided one-half of the following described real estate: a lot of ground situate in the town of Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, and state of Pennsylvania, BEGINNING at the corner of a lot of ground formerly of Thomas Harris and run, ning thence along the east side of Iron Street northwestwardly about forty feet to a corner of lot of Robison Kesig, now owned by Jacob Millard, thence by the same northwestwardly two hundred and fourteen feet to an alley, thence along the same southeastwardly about forty feet to said Harris lot, thence along the same two hundred and fourteen feet, to the place of beginning, CONTAINING eight thousand five hundred feet, be the same more or less, whereon are erected a two-story frame dwelling house and out building.

Seized, taken into execution, at the suit of I. W. McKelvy vs. Mary Lewis, and to be sold as the property of Mary Lewis. Vend Ex.

Elwell, Atty.

ALSO

The undivided one-half of the following described real estate; a lot of ground situate in the town of Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, BEGINNING at the corner of a lot of ground formerly of Thomas Harris, and running thence along the east side of Iron Street northwestwardly about forty feet to a corner of lot of Robison Kasig, now owned by Jacob Millard, thence by the same northwestwardly two hundred and fourteen feet to an alley, thence along the same southeastwardly about forty feet to said Harris lot, thence along the same two hundred and fourteen feet to the place of beginning, CONTAINING eight thousand five hundred feet, be the same more or less, whereon are erected a two-story frame dwelling house and out buildings.

Seized, taken into execution, at the suit of I. W McKelvy vs. John Hooper, and to be sold as the property of said John Hooper. Fi. Fa.

Elwell, Atty.

ALSO

All that certain messuage, tenement, and tract of land situate in Locust township in the county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: BEGINNING at a stone corner in line of land now or late of Jacob Stein, and running from thence by the same north six and three-quarter degrees, east seventy-eight and three-tenths perches to a stone, thence by land now or late of Henry Herner north three-quarters of a degree, east twenty-three and fourtenths perches to a white pine stump, thence by the same north forty-two and a half degrees east eighteen perches to a stone; thence by M. E. Mesting house lots South forty-six and three-quarters degrees East, five perches to a stone, and North twenty-nine and one-half degrees East, 12 perches and 4-10 to a stone; thence by land now or late of William Carl and John Herner South seventy one and a half degrees East, forty-one and nine-tenths perches to a stone; thence by land now or late of William Roth and William Yeager south two degrees west, one hundred and eight perches to a stone; thence North eighty-three degrees West thirty-six and five-tenths perches to a stone; thence South three and a half degrees West, eight and six-tenths perches to a stone; thence North eighty-two and a half degrees West, thirty-one perches to the place of beginning, CONTAINING fourty-four acres and one hundred and nine perches more or less, with the appurtenances consisting of a dwelling house and a barn, &c.,

Seized, taken into execution, at the suit of A. K. Walter vs. Timothy M. Bollek, and to be sold as the property of said Timothy M. Bollek.

Spinney, Atty. Fi. Fa.

ALSO

All that certain piece or parcel of ground situate in the town of Orangeville, County of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows, to-wit: BEGINNING at a post, corner at a public road leading through the town of Orangeville, thence by land of Miles A. Williams North seventy-four and three-fourths degrees West eight and forty-six one-hundredth perches to a post, thence by land of said Miles A. Williams North fifty-four degrees West, twelve and twenty one hundedth perches to a limestone corner, thence by land of Benjamin Wertman South thirty-five and three-eighth degrees West twenty-three and twenty one hundredth perches to a post, thence by land of said Benjamin wertman South eighty-seven and three-eight degrees East sixteen and eighty-four one-hundredth perches to a stone corner, thence by land of James B. Harman North twenty-five and one-fourth degrees East, five and forty one-hundredth perches to a post, thence by land of James B. Harman South eighty-seven and three-eight degrees East ten and seventy-eight one hundredth perches to a stone corner, thence by land of John Megargle North thirty-five and one-fourth degrees East four and sixty one-hundredth perches to a stone corner and thence by land of John Megargel and John Stiner North fifty and three-fourth degrees West, one and sixty-four one-hundredth perches to a stone corner, thence by land of John Stiner North seventeen and one-fourth degrees East one and thirty-two hundredth perches to a stone corner the place of beginning, CONTAINING one acre and one hundred and fifteen perches neat measure, on which are erected a two-story frame dwelling house, a frame butcher shop, barn and other out buildings.

Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of William Mears for his own use and in trust for Bernetta Mears vs. Camden Mears and to be sold as the property of Camden Mears.

Miller Atty. Fi. Fa.

ALSO

The right title and interest of the defendant in all that messuage and piece or parcel of land being and lying in the township of Orange aforesaid bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone corner, thence by lands of Reuben Sitler north eighteen degrees west, thirty-eight and five tenth perches to a stone, thence by land of the same south seventy-nine and three fourth degrees West, thirty-six perches to a pine, thence by land of D. W. Montgomery and others south eleven and one fourth degrees east forty-one perches to a post, thence by lands of D. W. Montgomery north 76 degrees east, forty perches to the place of beginning, containing nine acres and sixty perches strict measure be the same more or less, on which is erected an old barn.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of William Mears, for his own use, and in trust for Bernetta Mears, vs Camden Mears, and to be sold as the property of Camden Mears.

Miller Atty Fi. Fa.

ALSO

All that certain tract and messuage of land situate in Centre township Columbia county Pennsylvania, CONT

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1884.

Correct Railroad Time Table.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:36 a. m.	11:52 a. m.
4:06 p. m.	6:13 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:05 a. m.	8:28 a. m.
11:17 a. m.	11:53 a. m.
6:30 p. m.	4:26 p. m.

The 8:28 a. m. train connects at Northumberland with the 9:35 train on Pennsylvania road, reaching Philadelphia at 3:15 p. m.

The 11:53 train connects with Philadelphia and Reading road at Rupert reaching Philadelphia at 6:00 p. m.

The 11:53 train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 1:50, reaching Philadelphia at 7:25 p. m.

The 4:26 p. m. train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 8:05 p. m., and reaches Philadelphia at 3:05 a. m.

—o—

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
11:27 a. m.	12:01 p. m.
6:30 p. m.	4:15 p. m.

Personal.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Unangst have returned to New York City.

Rev. L. Zahner and family have gone to Brooklyn, N. Y.

Rev. Stuart Mitchell, D. D., has returned from his vacation.

A. E. Chapin, Esq., of Nanticoke was in town Tuesday.

G. E. Myers of the Catawissa *Item* was in town on Tuesday.

Mrs. W. B. Foust and children of Buffalo, N. Y. visited friends in this place during the week.

T. B. Miller and wife left on Tuesday for a visit to Watkins Glen, Niagara and the Thousand Islands.

E. F. Witmer, one of the *Republican's* typos, is spending a week's vacation at his home in Northumberland.

O. A. Megargell left for Stroudsburg, Monroe county, Wednesday morning, to urge his claims for the nomination for Congress of this district.

C. G. Barkley, Esq., of Bloomsburg, Dr. J. C. Fruit of Jerseytown, and Hon. J. B. Knittle of Catawissa, delegates to the Congressional Conference, left for Stroudsburg, on Wednesday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Elwell returned from their western trip last evening (Thursday). They were accompanied by Mrs. P. H. Smith and daughter of Plymouth, Wisconsin, who will visit friends in this place and Bradford county.

Empty cider barrels for sale.
C. B. Robbins.

There will be no services in the Episcopal church on Sunday next, in the absence of the Rector.

The Bloomsburg cornet band has taken up permanent quarters in Dentler's new hall.

Pure drugs and patent medicines of all kinds at the Peoples' Drug Store.

E. A. Rawlings had a handsome sign put up in front of his meat market on Saturday.

The Montour county court convenes at Danville on Monday next. There are four cases advertised for trial.

J. H. Mercer keeps a full assortment of school supplies, at the Peoples' Book Store.

The Muncy Valley Fair will be held at Hughesville, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, September 24, 25 and 26.

Our farmers seem to use more phosphate this year than ever before. Numerous wagon loads passed through our town this week.

An adjourned sale for the unsold real estate of C. B. Brockway will take place at the Court House on Monday, September 15th at two o'clock p. m. M. P. Lutz,
Assignee.

On Friday of last week there was a cave-in at the Enterprise Colliery in Plains township, Luzerne county. About twenty-five acres of the surface was affected. Operations in the mines will be delayed about one month.

The real estate of the Glendower Iron Works of Danville, Pa., is advertised at Sheriff's Sale at the Court House in Danville on Saturday, September 13th at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. There are seven different tracts, advertised.

The *Sentinel* was requested to publish the proceedings of the democratic standing committee on Tuesday. They have failed to do so. Can it be that they expect to sell out to the republicans? Let us have the truth in all things.

We were shown some potatoes that were raised by Jonathan Traub, on the Hoyt farm adjoining this town, some of which weighed three and one-half pounds. They are called Little Elephant, and he says they are good producers. The potato is not very long, but is well developed in all directions, and is very white. They might justly be called Little White Elephants.

Some fine music was discoursed on Main street, near the court house, on Tuesday evening, by a newly organized Band, composed of the following members: Davis Brooks, B. Eshleman, William and George Knorr, Frank Hower, James Leidy, Will. and Harry Wirt. Judging from the frequent applause which greeted them from the people, we would say their music was greatly appreciated.

The Women's Home Missionary Society of the Presbytery of Northumberland, is to meet on Wednesday next, 17th inst., in the Presbyterian church of this place. The ladies' meetings are to be held on Wednesday afternoon and Thursday, to which all ladies are invited. A popular meeting will be held on Wednesday evening to which all are invited. Rev. M. Brydie of Sunbury is expected to address this meeting.

The miniature base ball club of this place, (Willie Gosh, catcher, and George Ross pitcher), gave a Bloomsburg nine a frightful defeat last Saturday afternoon. The smallest gent in the visiting team was older and more muscular than the largest of the home team, but the little fellows succeeded in making eleven runs and gave their opponents but three. Mr. Ed. Johnson of the Association, was the daisy umpire. The game was nicely played.—*Daily Record, (Danville.)*

There will be a Sunday School Convention of the Susquehanna Synod of the Lutheran Church held at Selinsgrove, Pa., Tuesday and Wednesday, September 30th and October 1st. Schools numbering 100 or less are requested to send one representative. Those numbering 100 to 200 should send two, and over 200 should send three representatives. The names of the representatives are to be sent to Rev. J. Yutzy, Selinsgrove, Pa., not later than September 16th.

We return thanks for complimentary to the Wyoming county Agricultural Society to be held at Tunkhannock, September 24, 25, and 26, 1884.

For Rent.—Three pair of rooms suitable for offices, and one store room occupied now as shoe store next to Exchange Hotel.
F. D. Dentler.

From a telegraphic dispatch we learn that Wesley Bodine, was found dead in a room in the Shenandoah hotel where he boarded. It was supposed that he committed suicide as his throat was cut from ear to ear

---

Miss Lizzie Hollingshead a daughter of William Hollingshead of Montour township was married on Thursday afternoon of last week to Mr. John Christian, living near Danville. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride, by Rev. F. P. Manhart of this place.

Many friends of O. A Stonge of Grovania, congregated at his house on Saturday evening and gave him a complete surprise. It was in honor of his birthday. If such surprises are meeted to him at every birthday, he would not object to having it come oftener than once a year.

Mrs. M. C. Brittain died at the residence of Jesse Hicks on East street, on Monday morning. Funeral services were held on Tuesday morning at seven o'clock, and eight o'clock the body was placed on the train and taken to the city of Baltimore for interment.

Mr. C. A. Kleim of this place was married to Miss Addie Johnson of Jerseytown on Tusday morning of this week, by Rev. Dr. Monroe. The ceremony took place at the residence of D. A. Beckley whose wife is a sister of the bride. At eleven o'clock they started for the Philadelphia and Reading depot, en route for the State fair at Philadelphia.

Jesse Shannon died at his residence in Bloomsburg on Monday afternoon at five o'clock, at the advanced age of 78 years. Mr. Shannon was a resident of this place for the past fifty years, and was a consistent member of the Methodist church, with which he had connected himself five years previous to his residence here. The funeral took place Wednesday afternoon, and was attended by a large number of friends. Interment in Rosemont Cemetery.

According to the Allentown *Critic*: "A report is sent from Mauch Chunk that the mines under the town are on fire and caving in, that place of 8,000 inhabitants is doomed. At the burning mines near by, smoke arises from a dozen different clefts and the surface of the ground is hot, and the earth appears as if baked. This mine has been on fire fifty years. The fire spreads gradually. New holes are breaking out constantly and old miners predict that soon there will be no Mauch Chunk. It may be covered up by a land slide."

Editors Columbian:

The village of Asbury, this county, has been called to mourn the loss of one of her most influential and highly esteemed citizens in the death of Martin A. Ammerman, Esq., who died on the 4th inst. after a short illness, of asthma, congestion of lungs and pleurisy. The deceased was well known to most of the citizens of this county; was a zealous Christian worker in the M. E. Church of which he was an active member, Class Leader, and Sunday School Superintendent. He has gone to his reward. Funeral will take place Friday the 12th inst. at 10 a. m. C.

We would not have our readers understand that we approve of the rumored methods used in electioneering at our late primaries. We have always denounced such and do still. All these evils may be corrected within the party without the aid of our republican neighbors who are trying to keep up a warfare in order to elect their candidate. In the late issue of the *Republican* they say: "Our fight against Mr. Snyder is from principle." The article will fall flat before those who remember of the disgraceful methods employed, and secretly approved of by the editors of that paper in the late election of our municipal officers. Let us have the truth in all things.

There could scarcely be a writer more fitted to write with loving appreciation of Hans Christian Anderson, the teller of wonder-tales for children, than Horace E. Scudder, who, in many children's stories as well as in the Bodley books, has himself written so delightfully for children. It is pleasant news that Mr. Scudder has written for the October *Harper's* a paper on "The Home of Hans Christian Anderson," in which, with the help of many pictures, he shows the reader Copenhagen, and particularly the parts of it associated with the great writer. He speaks of Anderson as "the first child-author,"—"not the first to write for children, nor the first to introduce the child into literature," but "the interpreter to the world of that creative power which is significant of childhood; the child spoke through him."

A game of base ball was played on Friday last at this place between the Reliance of Mt. Carmel and the Bloomsburg Association resulting in a score of 15 to 6 in favor of the former. On Saturday a game was played at Catawissa between the Association nine from that place and five of the Association nine of Bloomsburg. The other four of the nine who were chosen have had but little practice. The Bloomsburg boys thought they could beat with five of the Association nine, and would have done so but for the assistance of the umpire. The score was 11 to 14 in favor of Catawissa. A return game will be played to-morrow (Saturday) afternoon.

Hon. A. J. Dietrick of Wilkes Barre, died at his home on Monday morning, after an illness of about six months. Mr. Dietrick was born in Columbia county, April 6, 1822, and was 62 years, 5 months and 2 days old at the time of his death. He was educated at the Berwick Academy and Wyoming Seminary, Kingston. Soon after leaving school he studied law with M. E. Jackson, Esq., and was admitted to the bar at Danville, August 17, 1847. He practiced for several years in Columbia and Sullivan counties, finally settling at Laporte, the new county seat of the latter county. During his residence there he served three times as deputy district attorney and county treasurer one term. While residing in Sullivan county he received the nomination for state senator, but was defeated in the election. In 1856 he removed to Williamsport and practiced law for eight years. In 1864 he removed to Washington where he resided for four years, returning again to Williamsport in 1868. In 1877 he was elected Judge of the Williamsport judicial district. At the expiration of his term of office he removed to Wilkesbarre, where he resided and gave attention to his large law practice, which he continued until prevented by sickness.

Cleveland and Hendrick's Club.

There will be a meeting of the democrats of this place on Saturday evening, September 13th at the Opera House, for the purpose of organizing a Cleveland and Hendricks club. Let there be a full attendance.

Prescriptions a specialty at the Peoples' Drug Store. J. H. Mercer, Prop.

In another column we print the proceedings of the meeting of the Democratic Standing Committee on Tuesday afternoon. The meeting was one of general harmony, and indicates that the rumors that there are to be bolters of the ticket as nominated is without foundation. Every member of the Standing Committee has shown that they are ready to put forth every effort for the election of the entire ticket. Reports were given us by members of the different townships stating that they are thoroughly organizing, and everything tends to foretell the largest majority this Fall ever given by the Democracy of Columbia county.

The *Republican* this week attempts to shield its purported democratic correspondent from West Scott. They appear to be interesting themselves very considerably in the matter of the democratic primaries. It reminds us of the campaign in 1879, when the editors of that paper, induced their republican friends to support the greenback-democratic candidate for Sheriff with the expectations of securing some patronage. This year they hope to secure enough democratic voters to elect their candidate for prothonotary, for the same purpose, and are attempting to mislead the people. If a third candidate were in the field upon whom they thought they might unite to secure his election, they would turn the cold shoulder to Mr. Kinter and try to be with the winning party. When the republican standing committee was called upon to substitute the name of some one in place of Mr. Stiles, withdrawn, the names of other republicans than that of Mr. Kinter, were suggested, because it was thought they would be stronger candidates. Let us have the truth in all things.

Concert.

There will be a grand musical entertainment held at Sonestown this (Friday) evening, and one to-morrow (Saturday) evening at Unityville, under the auspices of the Benton Christian Choir. Solos, quartettes, plantation songs, &c., will be rendered, and it is expected to give a rare treat to the citizens of these two places.

A Recipe for Hay Fever.

The following recipe was sent to the editor of the New York *Sun* in answer to a correspondent who was troubled with hay fever. The doctor said he found it very beneficial in his practice:

Potassa chloratis, grs. x.
Spirit, æther nit., 1 drachm.
Aqua, an ounce and a half.
Mix; take whole at bedtime.
Dr. Wolfcamp.

An Unwelcome Visitor.

On Wednesday afternoon last as Mrs. Jacob Klingaman who resides near corner of Second and Pine street, was setting in the house near the back door she was horrified to see a large copperhead snake come gliding down the walk through the garden. The reptile continued on its way until it reached the doorstep, when it paused a moment and raising its head took a survey of the interior; apparently satisfied with the view it crossed the threshold and entered the room. Mrs. Klingaman had by this time fled from the house and called for help, but before she returned Mrs. Berkheimer, who had heard her screams, put in an appearance armed with a bean pole and soon wound up the career of his snakeship. The reptile was nearly three feet in length, and as ugly a looking thing as one would care to look at. It was very fortunate that the affair ended as it did, for a bite from the intruder would have been very dangerous, and probably fatal.—*Catawissa News Item.*

Berwick.

Mr. Ira C. Dietrick returned from a visit to Houtzdale, Saturday evening.

Miss Meixwell of Lancaster is visiting Mrs. Reagan.

Mr. M. A. Margerum of the *Gazette* visited at Catawissa Saturday.

Miss Lizzie Hanley and Miss Maud Eaton left Wednesday morning for Drew Seminary, Carmal, N. Y.

Mr. Geo. R. Clark of Hazleton was noticed in town Monday.

Mrs. Kate Moorhead attended the funeral of her little niece Seybertsville, Sunday.

Messrs. Geo. Nicolls and S. H. Ruch took in the game of ball at Bloomsburg, Saturday.

Mr. T. W. Sherwood made a flying trip to Catawissa, Saturday.

A welcome visitor in the form of a baby girl arrived at Mr. H. F. Gleuns, Sunday morning.

It is with deep regret we announced the death of Miss Ida Cooper of Hazleton that occurred Saturday morning. The remains were brought to this place for interment on Monday.

A small fire was caused by the squeezer in the rolling mill, Tuesday morning, but by the timely appearance and work of the men it was soon extinguished.

Hot! Hotter! Hottest!

The P. O. S. of A. from Nanticoke and this place intend holding a picnic at Rupert Grove to-day.

Meeting of Standing Committee.

The Democratic county Committee met at one o'clock P. M. in the Grand Jury room of the Court House at Bloomsburg, upon the call of the chairman.

Present, Mr. David Lowenberg, chairman, and the following members: J. Rittenhouse, of Beaver; Isaiah Bower, Berwick East; G. A. Carey, Berwick West; G. W. Hirleman, Benton; Geo. E. Elwell, Bloom West by his substitute, Charles G. Barkley; M. L. Houseknecht, Briarcreek; L. M. Creveling, Fishingcreek; Daniel Loreman, Franklin; I. D. Patton, Greenwood by his substitute C. M. Blaker; Miles Smith, Madison; J. W. Kelchner, Main; O. A. Stonger, Montour; C. W. Ammerman, Orange, by his substitute, J. B. Harman; Dr. Geisinger, East Scott; W. T. Creasy, Catawissa; James Knittle, Roaringcreek; G. P. Reighard, Scott West, by his substitute, Henry Kelchner.

The chairman stated the object of the meeting to be the making arrangements for a general and careful canvass of the county meetings, &c., and further to make inquiry as to complaint made to him, by some members of the committee and by other democrats of a rumored voting by Washington Parr, candidate for county commissioner at the republican primary election in Franklin township.

After making inquiry as to the complaint against Mr. Parr and hearing the statements of Mr. Parr and others who desired to be heard in the matter, it was considered by the committee that Mr. Parr had not so acted as to require the committee to censure him or take other action in the matter, and as an expression of the committee, upon motion of Mr. Blaker, seconded by Mr. Geisinger the following resolution was unanimously passed:

Resolved, That the democratic standing committee of Columbia county Pa., in council assembled, do earnestly and unanimously urge every democratic voter in the county to vote the whole National, State, and county tickets put in nomination by the several democratic conventions.

After discussion as to the general work of the canvass, the committee adjourned.

D. Lowenberg,
Chairman.

Danville's Steamer Tested.

Wednesday, of last week, the Friendship Fire Company, in whose charge the steamer is, took the engine to the wharf at Mill street for exercise. This was done to see if everything was in proper trim, and to show the fire committee of councils who had requested the test, that it was in perfect shape. Fire was started and steam quickly raised; Engineer Brown blew the whistle, and then opened the throttle, and an elegant stream was thrown; a momentary stop to insert the Siamese coupling, and two streams were mounting high in the air; another line of hose was laid, and without stopping the engine, the third stream was on. Our citizens viewed with amazement our little third-class engine playing with perfect ease, a one-inch, seven-eight inch, and one and one-eight inch streams, simultaneously and with enough force for effective fire service; the one and one-eighth stream went fully two hundred and twenty feet. The three streams were kept on for some time to show the steaming quality of the boiler. Steam was easily kept up. Some one wanted to see one stream, so the smaller streams were shut off and a stream thrown over Thompson's Hall, clean and clear. Altogether the test was a complete success, and the boys deserve great credit for keeping it in such good condition.—*National Record.*

Death of M. A. Ammerman

On Thursday evening of last week, September 4th, at about six o'clock, Mr. M. A. Ammerman died at his home in Asbury, Columbia county. He had been troubled with Asthma for some years. On Saturday evening, August 30th he attended a school meeting as president of the school board. The meeting was held in one of the school houses some distance from his house, and was for the purpose of making arrangements to supply desks, seats, &c., for the different schools in Fishingcreek township. The evening was a disagreeable one, and will be remembered as the occasion of the most severe storm this season. Mr. Ammerman was exposed to the rain, in the performance of his duty, and contracted a severe cold. He was confined to his bed on Sunday, and physicians sent for at once, but there seemed to be no relief given him. On Thursday morning he was up at the breakfast table and tried to eat, but was so distressed that he could eat nothing. He remarked to his wife that if relief was not soon obtained he could not endure it. He remained in a chair the rest of the day until about two hours of his death. His affliction of asthma prevented his reclining. Mr. Ammerman was about 59 years of age, and leaves a wife and four children, two sons and two daughters. Three of his children reside in Nebraska, including the two daughters. He was well known and respected throughout the county and his death will be regretted by his numerous friends.

Jerseytown.

Some of the farmers have planted their grain.

Much complaint is heard about the drought, many find it difficult to get water for their stock and for use.

Wm. C. Johnson, Esq., and Mrs. Johnson of Danville spent an evening last week with his brother.

Mr. John Betz of Philadelphia, was in town last week.

Mr. Wm. Johnson of Rupert was in town a few days.

Miss Hattie Kreamer is visiting at Mr. C. Kreamer's.

Miss Lizzie McBride of White Hall was visiting friends in town on Sunday.

We can now boast of a shoemaker. Jerseytown still lacks a saddler, a tinner, a butcher and a politician to hurrah for Ben Butler.

Mr. James R. Biddle, clerk for Kreamer & Son, is away taking a few days vacation.

A number of our people attended the picnic at White Hall on Saturday.

Mr. Powers is happy; its a boy.

We are glad to see that Mr. Chas. Kreamer has recovered sufficiently from his recent accident to be about again. Charlie you were greatly missed at choir practice.

Look out for the show in Kreamer's hall next Saturday evening.

These warm days about noon a few weary, travel-stained gunners may be seen seeking the homeward route heavily burdened with their—guns, ammunition, &c. When asked about the game they say. "It went."
L. Y.

Centralia.

One of the Hungarians living at Montana was fatally shot, on Saturday night, while several officers were arresting some of his countrymen, for robbing a Jewish peddler, who went among them to dispose of his goods. After being robbed the peddler came to Centralia and swore out warrants for the arrest of five whom he knew took part in relieving him of his cash and pack. Three officers and the Jew went to Montana and brought three Hungarians with them; after putting them in the station-house they returned for the rest, and while putting the hand-cuffs on one of them the remaining Hungarians tried to explain that the party under arrest had no hand in it, when one of the officers or the peddler fired a shot, the ball taking effect in the back of a Hungarian who was entering the house. Dr. Lashelle probed for the ball, but was unable to find it. The peddler was arrested for the shooting and taken to Bloomsburg to await the result. The officers are also under bail for their appearance.

[E. R. Ikeler, Esq., of this place, and James F. Grady, Esq., of Schuylkill county, have applied for a habeas corpus, and will be heard by Judge Elwell Saturday, Sept. 13, 1884 Ed.]

Rev. James Russel is having a large bay window put in on the second story of his residence, which presents a fine appearance.

Mr. Twining of Philadelphia, with a large force of men, are removing the large wooden pillars in the Catholic church, and replacing them with iron columns, which are more substantial and take up but very little space.

The Polanders living in the vicinity of Rhea's Hill, have been on a "cantico" the last few days, and indulged in a general fight every night. Their cries of "Murder!" can be heard for hours at a time, and we wonder why they are not arrested for nuisance, as such they surely are.

The Philadelphia & Reading Company have a force of carpenters repairing their houses in the Dark Corner. It is needless to say the people living in them appreciate it.

The railroad employees of the Lehigh Valley Company were paid their wages for August, on Monday.

About seven car-loads of excursionists from Mt. Carmel, passed through here last week for Delano—the popular picnic grounds.

Of the twenty-three cases of dysentery existing in Dark Corner the last few weeks Drs. Robbins and Gwinner were successful in every case, not losing any of their patients.

Irvin Bros. have put in some very fancy tie-posts in front of their building, for the accommodation of their out-of-town customers.

James Joyce and C. Carr, who have been travelling in the West for a few years, came home last week.

Two young men named Turner and Hendricks, fought a duel on Sunday night about one of the fair sex, who it appears both young men are in love with. The fight was of short duration, as Hendricks pounded his rival pretty badly, when the latter pulled his revolver and would have shot, but for the interference of friends.

Dr. Robbins, who will permanently locate here shortly, is becoming very popular, and has already begun to make serious inroads into the practice of some of our older physicians.

Mrs. Clark, of town, is visiting her brother in New Hampshire.

The contestants for the gold watch at the Dark Corner Band fair, are charged with having kept a large portion of the money collected by them, and the members have concluded to refund the money to all persons who were generous enough to contribute, as they do not wish to have anything crooked connected with their organization. They prefer doing with the old horns rather than get them through dishonest contests.

The return game of ball between Centralia and Locust Gap clubs, was played in Locust Gap on Saturday, which resulted in a second victory for the home nine. Score: 13 to 7.

Personals.—Miss Kelly of Reading, Miss McClintock of Philadelphia, Mrs. Grady of Mahanoy City, Misses Lalley and Groody of Ashland, the Misses Monaghans of Manayunk, and Ed. Breslin and wife of Mt. Carmel, were visiting friends in town the past week.

We were almost forgetting a very interesting item, i. e. the Blaine & Logan club. Our letter last week made mention of there being at least fourteen members—far from it, only four of that number being signers—the rest were old Democrats who wanted to take in the proceedings. At the close of the meeting they adjourned *sine die*. Gone, but not forgotten.

Council Proceedings.

Bloomsburg, September 7, 1884.

Regular monthly meeting of Council. All members present but Mr. Hagenbuch.

Mr. Rabb moved that the Street Commissioner be authorized to notify all property owners that have poor pavements to lay the same within 30 days.

Ten gallons of hose oil and one nozzle was ordered for the Friendship Fire Company.

Upon motion of Mr. Rabb the solicitor was authorized to examine the matter of the liability of the Town to arch the run on Fourth street, between Market street and Whitman's alley and that he report at the next regular meeting.

C. W. Miller Esq., presented a petition asking the Council to construct a sewer on Centre street at a point near Main street to connect with sewer on Sixth street. Mr. Sterling moved that the matter of payment of costs in case of D. J. Waller, et al vs town of Bloomsburg, be laid over until the next meeting and that Messrs. Ikeler, Knorr and Barkley be requested to appear before council at that time and produce an agreement that may be had with reference to the same. Upon yeas and nays being called, resulted, yeas, Sterling, Jones and Rabb,—3. Nays, Moyer, Sharpless and Rupert,—3.

The following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That the playing of ball in the streets and alleys of the town be and is hereby prohibited, and that the high constable be authorized to see that these regulations be observed.

Upon motion, the president and Messrs. Sharpless and Rabb were appointed a committee to prepare an ordinance regulating the same.

Upon motion the council accepted the propositions of the Presbyterian church and M. S. Appleman, to erect a fence in the rear of their respective lots in order to the opening of Anthony's alley, and that the president be instructed to secure release from damages, and that the street commissioner be authorized to erect said fences.

Street commissioner was instructed to fill Main street below railroad with some hard material in such a way that it will carry off the water.

The president in behalf of committee on gas contract, reported that they had met gas company and that said gas company would not agree to take less than $1.85 a post per month, on an agreement for five years.

Upon motion the town agreed to pay the gas company $1 85 a month per post for gas for one year commencing with September 1st 1884.

The following bills were passed and orders drawn for the same:

Bloomsburg Water Co., rent for Aug 84	$ 70 00
L. B. Rupert for freight on sewer pipe	5 20
Harman & Hassert cast iron for sewer	134 30
Bloomsburg Gas Co. for gas in May 1884 and moving lamp post	86 50
Bloomsburg Gas Co. for gas Aug 84	84 00
Samuel Neyhard for ser. on sewer	18 50
Hettie Boice for cleaning council room	0 75
M. C. Woodward for con. ser. Aug.	6 17
S. A. Wilsen fore stone water jug.	0 80
Wesley Knorr police service Aug.	8 00
C. Shoemaker " " "	1 00
D. Laycock " " "	2 00
B. B. Freas " " "	1 00
S. W. Shutt " " "	1 00
C. M. Mendenhall lumber for highway	7 30
Bloomsburg Iron Co. for powder and caps	89
P. Moyer sleeve for sewer pipe	25
Daniel Hall work on 6th st. sewer in Feb 84	2 00
A. L. Fritz service as sec'y. Aug.	10 00
Hutchins & Shoemaker sewer pipe	500 00
	$939 66

The following orders were issued as per resolutions passed to-wit:

Enos Jacoby St. com. for work on highway week ending Sept 4 '84 No. 137	19 38
Enos Jacoby St. Com. pay roll on sewer, week ending Sept. 4 '84 No 138	7 50
D. Hall on ac. of sewer contract ordes No 131	150 00
Enos Jacoby St. com. for work on highway week end. Aug. 21 '84 No 132	18 00
Enos Jacoby St. Com. for work on sewer week end. Aug. 21 '84 No 133	18 80
Enos Jacoby St. Com. for work on sewer week end. Aug 28 '84 No 134	11 56
Enos Jacoby St. Com. for work on highway week end. Aug. 28 '84 No 135	18 00
Daniel Hall for work on sewer contract No 136	175 00
	$413 24

School books at the Peoples' Drug Store.

LOCAL NOTICES.

For the next 60 days only, we will make cabinet photos at $3.00 per dozen. Best work; Lightning Process used.
Sep12-4t MacKillip & Choate.

New Fall plaids this week at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

C. C. Marr pays 20 cts. for eggs and 24 cts. for butter.

9999 1-9 spring chickens,
8888 1-8 old hens,
7777 1-7 pigeons,
6666 1-6 ducks,
5555 1-5 geese,
4444¼ good calves,
3333⅓ large shoats,
2222½ lbs. pitted cherries,
1111 lbs. dried raspberries.
All the above wanted at Light Street, by July 25-3m Silas Young.

I. W. Hartman & Son's new goods are coming in this week.

C. C. Marr wants side, shoulder, ham, and lard.

Go to B. F. Sharpless' foundry, near L. & B. depot, for the best Phosphate for wheat and grass.

5, 6, and 7 cent new Fall prints at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

C. C. Marr keeps the best syrup in town, try it.

LUMBER.—Planing mill in lumber yard. I have all kinds of worked lumber—white pine, yellow pine and hemlock flooring; white pine and hemlock German siding, surface boards, surface siding, wainscoting, moulding. All kinds of lumber in rough, at Lightstreet, by
aug 22-3m Silas Young.

New fancy shirtings at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

C. C. Marr takes trade dollars at par for dry goods.

LUMBER! LUMBER!! FOR SALE CHEAP.

Hemlock boards, plank 2 by 4, joice, bill stuff, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20 feet long worked lumber, flooring, German and bevel siding, surface boards and siding, sawed shingles No 1, 2 and 3, chestnut, hemlock and pine, shingle and ceiling lath.

I have made arrangements with a couple of steam saw mills if there is any thing that I have'at got I can get it at short notice at Light Street by
July 25-3 m Silas Young.

It will pay you to see I. W. Hartman & Son's new stock.

C. C. Marr wants dried raspberries and pitted cherries.

New goods at J. B. Skeer's.

---

40 dozen flower pots and hanging baskets at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Hogs that weigh from 100, 110, 125, 130, 140 to 150 lbs., a piece a lot of nice clean thrifty hogs for sale at Light Street by Silas Young. Sept 5-4w

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A NEW LEASE OF LIFE.

The aged and weak have declared after using Speer's Wines that they felt as though they had a new lease of life by having their systems renovated by this pure strengthening wine, made by Alfred Speer, of Passaic, N. J. For sale by druggists.

HARD CASES.

I have used Phelps' Rheumatic Elixir on some of the hardest cases in town. It works like a charm. Respectfully yours,
D. H. Baxter, Druggist.
Corning, N. Y., Jan. 11th, '83.

ARE YOU MADE

Miserable by indigestion, constipation, dizziness, loss of appetite, yellow skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Moyer Bros.

THE TRAVELLING SALESMAN

Is an irresistible fellow, brim full of stories, jokes, courage, self-assurance and grit. He is a very taking withal. Burdock Blood Bitters are a very taking medicine; they take everywhere, and are sold everywhere.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY,

A positive cure for catarrh, diphtheria and canker mouth. Sold by Moyer Bros.

WHY WILL YOU

Cough when Shiloh's Cure will give you immediate relief. Price 10 cents, 50 cents and $1. Sold by Moyer Bros.

THAT HACKING COUGH

can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by Moyer Bros.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS,

made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. For sale by Moyer Bros.

THE REV. GEORGE H. THAYER,

of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." Sold by Moyer Bros.

HARD CASES.

I have used Phelps' Rheumatic Elixir on some of the hardest cases in town. It works like a charm. Respectfully yours,
D. H. Baxter, Druggist.
Corning, N. Y., Jan. 11th, '83.
For sale at Hendershott's Pharmacy Bloomsburg Pa.

A NASAL INJECTOR

Free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by Moyer Bros.

"HACKMETACK,"

A lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by Moyer Bros.

FOR DYSPEPSIA

And liver complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Sold by Moyer Bros.

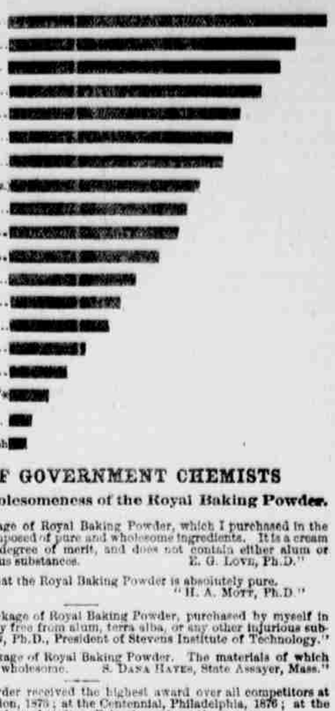
SHILOH'S VITALIZER

is what you need for Constipation, loss of Appetite, Dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. For sale by Moyer Bros.

SHILOH'S COUGH

and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. For sale by Moyer Bros.

COMPARATIVE WORTH OF BAKING POWDERS.



REPORTS OF GOVERNMENT CHEMISTS

As to Purity and Wholesomeness of the Royal Baking Powder.

"I have tested a package of Royal Baking Powder, which I purchased in the open market, and find it composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It is a cream of tartar powder of a high degree of merit, and does not contain either alum or phosphates, or other injurious substances. E. G. Love, Ph.D."

"It is a scientific fact that the Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure. "H. A. Mott, Ph.D."

"I have examined a package of Royal Baking Powder, purchased by myself in the market. I find it entirely free from alum, terra alba, or any other injurious substance. Henry Morton, Ph.D., President of Stevens Institute of Technology."

"I have analyzed a package of Royal Baking Powder. The materials of which it is composed are pure and wholesome. S. Dana Hayes, State Assayer, Mass."

The Royal Baking Powder received the highest award over all competitors at the Vienna World's Exposition, 1876; at the Centennial, Philadelphia, 1876; at the American Institute, New York, and at State Fairs throughout the country.

No other article of human food has ever received such high, emphatic, and universal endorsement from eminent chemists, physicians, scientists, and Boards of Health all over the world.

Note—The above Diagram illustrates the comparative worth of various Baking Powders, as shown by Chemical Analysis and experiments made by Prof. Schedler. A pound can of each powder was taken, the total leavening power or volume in each can calculated, the result being as indicated. This practical test for worth by Prof. Schedler only proves what every observant consumer of the Royal Baking Powder knows by practical experience, that, while it costs a few cents per pound more than ordinary kinds, it is far more economical, and, besides, affords the advantage of better work. A single trial of the Royal Baking Powder will convince any fair minded person of these facts.

* While the diagram shows some of the alum powders to be of a higher degree of strength than other powders ranked below them, it is not to be taken as indicating that they have any value. All alum powders, no matter how high their strength, are to be avoided as dangerous.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors, and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administration and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, on Monday September 29th, 1884, at 2 o'clock p. m. on said day:

No. 1. The first and final account of Charles Baker administrator of Jacob Baker, late of Beaver township, deceased.

No. 2. The first and final account of Isaac Lindenmuth, administrator of Benjamin Lindenmuth, late of Conyngham township, deceased.

No. 3. The first and partial account of Christian Crouse and Francis W. Crouse Executors of Frederick Crouse, late of Beaver township, deceased.

No. 4. The first and final account of C. B. Jackson, guardian of J. A. Swank, a minor child of Harrison Swank, late of Columbia county, deceased.

No. 5. The first and final account of George Walter administrator of Catherine Walter, late of Montour township, deceased.

No. 6. The first and final account of Allen Mann executor of George Shuman, late of Mifflin township, deceased.

No. 7. The first and final account of Abraham Kreisher administrator *de bonis non cum testamento annexo* of Peter Maurer, late of Locust township, deceased.

No. 8. The final account of Levi Wright, guardian of Beneville Foulk, a minor child of Beneville H. Foulk, late of Hemlock township, deceased as filed by Rebecca Wright surviving executor of Levi Wright, deceased.

No. 9. The first and final account of James M. Shultz and Charity A. Roberts administrators of James Roberts, late of Sugarloaf township, deceased.

No. 10. The first and final account of C. C. Peacock administrator *cum testamento annexo* of Catherine A. Gall, late of Hemlock township, deceased.

No. 11. The first and final account of Solomon Stranger executor of Elias S. Helwig, late of Locust township, deceased.

No. 12. The first and final account of Clinton Ellis administrator of Jacob Gramer, late of Catawissa township, deceased.

No. 13. The account of S. D. Kostenbander and Margaret Marks administrators &c., of Frances Kostenbander, late of Catawissa township deceased.

No. 14. The second and final account of Reuben L. Rich and Thomas Wilson executors of John G. Rich, late of Greenwood township, deceased.

No. 15. The first and partial account of Clark Callender executor of Joseph Hess, late of Benton township, deceased.

No. 16. The first and final account of Samuel B. Kisner administrator of Susan Kisner, late of Greenwood township, deceased.

No. 17

ODD ITEMS.

Benjamin Franklin was one of the expert swimmers of his day.

Cat breeding is becoming an industry, as the skins can be used to line cloaks.

It is now rendered—"Man proposes and women accepts."

General Longstreet keeps a hotel at Gainesville, Fla.

Senator Sherman is one of the best whist players in the Senate.

A goblet placed over the head of a new baby in Georgia reached to the midget's hips.

Intemperance among the negroes of the South is said to be increasing at an alarming rate.

When first caught sponges are slimy, ill-smelling things, looking like pieces of raw liver.

Winter fashions for ladies are to be eminently Russian and nothing if not overwhelmingly.

The "heathen Chinee" is just peculiar enough to imagine that he can make the French walk Spanish.

The use of well water for drinking purposes in New York city has been forbidden by the health officers.

Small bonnets are to prevail. "They are so easy to trim and so very becoming to the majority of ladies."

There is a town in Illinois so rigidly temperate that they object to storms brewing in the neighborhood.

Black and white plaid fans are the newest, and every other lady one sees at Newport seems to possess one.

Mr. St. John's friend says he dyes his red moustache because he doesn't want to possess anything the color of wine.

In Japan the smallest piece of money is called "cash," and it takes about 1,000 of them to make $1.

Four baggagemen who run on a New England road are named Loveland, Lovering, Lovejoy and Lovely.

An observer says most of the centenarians in America are from Ireland, though there are many among the colored people.

One thousand shingls will cover one hundred square feet of surface, laid four inches to the weather; for the above five pounds of nails will be required.

Germany makes bricks of refuse and cement. They are said to be both light and durable, and are not only used for some kinds of building purposes, but as a covering for boilers in preventing the radiation of heat.

The late John Cox, who was a blacksmith at Norwich, Conn., built the first bicycle ever used in America, if not, indeed, in the world. It consisted of one large wheel in front and the little wheel. Mr. Cox rode the bicycle more than sixty years ago.

In Alabama is a China tree ten feet in circumference, Its top was torn away by a storm; but six feet up the trunk two more trees have taken root and grown up as high as the old tree is. Half way up the trunk of the original tree a peach tree stands out.

A popular London comedian had in her service a short time since a servant whom he had taken, out of charity, from the workhouse. One day she was very insolent to her mistress, whereupon the comedian told her that if it occurred again he should certainly send her back to the place whence she came. "I won't go there," she replied, "on any account. If the worst comes to the worst, I'll go on the stage."

When an officer is dismissed from the army he is said to be cashiered. When a cashier is dismissed from a bank he is generally officered. Same thing, only different.

The latest campaign slander is that Cleveland is fond of peanuts. It does not necessarily follow, however, that he goes to circuses.

A woman aged 85 years recently astonished the natives of a seaport town in Rhode Island by appearing at the breakfast table clad in a white Mother Hubbard dress.

Shade Trees.

The custom of overshadowing the dwelling with large shade trees, shutting out the sunlight and air, is fast disappearing. It is found that a house thus shaded is not healthy or pleasant. But this by no means indicates that shade trees ought not to be encouraged in the neighborhood of the dwelling, for few objects, if any, add more to the beauty of a home than grcups of shade trees arranged so as not to cover up and shade the dwelling.

Near the house should be groups of shrubs and flowers, and outside of these should be the shade trees; not arranged in stiff straight rows all of one variety, and as near as possible of one size, but they should be set without order, as nature set them, and a variety of trees should be intermingled with each other. This relieves the eye, and to every lover of nature looks far more beutiful than stiff formalities.

In the selection of varieties care should be taken not to set trees that attain a large size in the vicinity of the dwelling, but to select those that never grow more than thirty or forty feet high. The large trees, like the elms, should be set on the outside of the groups that have been set in the vicinity of the dwelling.

In making a proper selection, it is always best to examine groups of trees growing on soil similar to the one where it is desired to set them; then a good idea of what is best may be formed and the appearance which each tree will make better understood. No one can describe the apppearance of a tree, so as to be understood by any person half as well as they can understand it by personal observation.

Each locality has its peculiarities and is particularly adapted to the growth of certain varieties. If it can be understood what these peculiarities are, success is more likely to be attained, especially by those who cannot spend time to change the nature of the soil or protect the trees from the cold winds of winter.

A few dollars spent for shade trees to set in the vicinity of the farm buildings, will in a few years change the appearance of the home so much for the better, that its market value will be raised ten times as much as the cost of the trees. — *Massachusetts Ploughman.*

Good, hearty laughter is said to be the best medicine in the world. If you are ill or depressed in spirits, get somewhere where you can watch a woman in a tight dress try to jump over a mud puddle. That will laugh you into good health or good nature again.

Baffled!

ONE OF THE MOST UNACCOUNTABLE AND DANGEROUS OF RECENT DECEITS DISCOVERED AND EXPOSED.

There is some mysterious trouble that is attacking nearly everyone in the land with more or less violence. It seems to steal into the body like a thief in the night. Doctors cannot diagnose it. Scientists are puzzled by its symptoms. It is, indeed, a modern mystery. Like those severe and vague maladies that attack horses and prostrate nearly all the animals in the land, this subtle trouble seems to menace mankind. Many of its victims have pains about the chest and sides, and sometimes in the back. They feel dull and sleepy; the mouth has a bad taste, especially in the morning. A strange sticky slime collects about the teeth. The appetite is poor. There is a feeling like a heavy load upon the stomach; sometimes a faint all-gone sensation is felt at the pit of the stomach, which food does not satisfy. The eyes grow sunken, the hands and feet feel clammy at one time and hurt intensely at others. After a while a cough sets in, at first dry, but after a few months it is attended with a greyish colored expectoration. The afflicted one feels tired all the while, and sleep does not seem to afford any rest. He becomes nervous, irritable, and gloomy, and has evil forebodings. There is a giddiness, a peculiar whirling sensation in the head when rising up suddenly. The bowels become costive, and then, again, outflux intensely; the skin is dry and hot at times; the blood grows thick and stagnant; and the whites of the eye become tinged with yellow; the urine is scanty and highcolored, depositing a sediment after standing. There is frequently a spitting up of the food, sometimes with a sour taste and sometimes with a sweetish taste; this is often attended with palpitation of the heart. The vision becomes impaired, with spots before the eyes; there is a feeling of prostration and great weakness. Most of these symptoms are in turn present. It is thought that nearly one-third of our population have this disorder in some of its varied forms, while medical men have almost wholly mistak en its nature. Some have treated it for one complaint; some for another, but nearly all have failed to reach the seat of the disorder. Indeed, many physicians are afflicted with it themselves. The experience of Dr. A. G. Richards, residing at No. 468 Tremont street, Boston, is thus described by himself:

"I had all those peculiar and painful symptoms which I have found afflicting so many of my patients, and which had so often baffled me. I knew all the commonly established remedies would be unavailing for I had tried them often in the past. I therefore determined to strike out in a new path. To my intense satisfaction I found that I was improving. The dull, stupid feeling departed and I began to enjoy life once more. My appetite returned. My sleep was refreshing. The color of my face which had been a sickly yellow gradually assumed the pink tinge of health. In the course of three weeks I felt like a new man and know that it was wholly owing to the wonderful efficiency of Warner's Tippecanoe The Best, which was all the medicine I took."

Doctors and scientists often exhaust their skill and the patient dies. They try everything that has been used by, or is known to, the profession, and then fail. Even if they save the life it is often after great and prolonged agony. Where all this can be avoided by precaution and care, how insane a thing it is to endure such suffering! With a pure and palatable preparation within reach, to neglect its use is simply inexcusable.

One Cat at a Time.

A youngster, whose upper lip betrays signs of the coming soup filterer, wants to know what business will pay him best. That is a hard question. If he is looking for the article that causes the female equine to get up and hump herself, and care not how you obtain it, he might acquire a considerable quantity by opening a savings bank and suspending at the proper time; but if he has not the talent to become a first-class thief, he had best select some legitimate business and stick to it until he is either called to join the angels or acquires a competency. It is not always the most talented men who become the successful ones. The brilliant men are too often brilliant failures. They can do almost anything, and—they do it, while men with less talent, but more judgment, fight it out on their chosen line through storm and calm, and bag the game. The man who can do one thing well is in greater demand than the man who can do almost anything indifferently. Load your artillery carefully and blaze away at the same Thomas cat until you fetch him. Do not cripple him and let him get away while you are looking for a flock of felines to fire into. We know a man who is an indifferent workman at three trades, and has dabbled in a dozen different lines of business. He is not worth a dollar, and yet he is ambitious and possessed of considerable talent. He was in too big a hurry to get rich. He scattered his shot. He wanted to bag a barn full of cats at once, and the consequence is that he is out of cats, while his more patient neighbors have felines to throw at the bridge. Don't scatter your shot.

In Japan, where earthquakes are very common, a house has been invented which shall not be effected by the movement of the earth. The building is of wood with plaster walls and ceilings, supported on iron bales resting in hollow saucer-like plates, which method of support, it is claimed, prevents momentum in a horizontal position from being communicated from the ground to the house, and there is sufficient friction at the points of support to destroy the slight motion that might otherwise take place. It might naturally be supposed that people who are always being shaken would get used to earthquakes, but Prof. Morse, who has lived so long in Japan, says that, far from this being the case, upon going there one thinks slightly of such a visitation, but that terror grows with every recurrence, until life becomes miserable from being in a constant state of dread.

One of the worst weeds in the newly-seeded meadows is the white daisy. It is especially abundant on fields, where young clover has been pastured after the grain with which it was sown has been cut. Cattle will eat the white daisy when made into hay only when starved to it, so that enough is lost by depreciated condition of stock to offset what ever nutriment it may contain.

The First Meerschaum Pipe.

In 1723 there lived in Pesth, the capital of Hungary, Karol Kowates, a shoemaker, whose ingenutity in cutting and carving on wood, etc., brought him in contact with Count Andrassy, with whom he became a favorite. The Count on his return from a mission to turkey, brought with him a piece of whitish clay, which had been presented to him as a curiosity on account of its extraordinary light specific gravity. It struck the shoemaker that, being porous, it must be well adapted for pipes, as it would absorb the nicotine. The experiment was tried and Karol cut out a pipe for the Count and one for himself. But in the pursuit of his trade he could not keep his hands clean, and many a piece of shoemakers wax became attached to the pipe. The clay, however, instead of assuming a dirty appearance when Karol wiped it off, received, wherever the wax adhered to it, a clear brown polish, instead of the dull white it previously had. Attributing this change in the tint to its proper source, he waxed the whole surface and polished the pipe again, smoked it, and noticed how admirably and beautifuliy it colored, also how much more sweetly the pipe smoked after being waxed. Other noblemen, hearing of the wonderful properties of this singular species of clay, imported it in considerable quantities for the manufactured articles, and the great cost of importation in those days of limited facilities for transportation, rendered its use exclusively confined to the richest European noblemen until 1830, when it became a more general article of trade. The first meerschaum pipe made by Karol Kowates has been preserved in the museum of Pesth.—*From the Armagh Guardian.*

Leprosy in San Francisco.

The San Francisco *Bulletin* says: There is a leper colony struggling into life among us. It is small now, and, perhaps, scarcely noticeable. But it is striking its roots deep into the soil. If not excised it is bound to grow and expand. Leprosy is a disease of comparatively recent importation in the Sandwich Islands. But now 2 per cent. of the whole native population are afflicted with the horrible disease in various stages of development. We have had a notioe that the white race need have no fears on the subject. But that is wholly false and unreliable assumption. There are white lepers now. Former local administrations, fully impressed with the gravity of the matter, tore up one after the other two leper colonies and shipped them off. But now there seems to be a dispositon to settle down and accept leprosy as a feature of San Francisco life. There is a hitch between the steamship companies and the authorities. There are some defects in the law. Upon the merits of the controversy we do not propose to pass now. All that we know is that nothing is being done and that the leper colony grows. Against any further paltering with this great evil we protest with all the energy that can be thrown into language. The small interests that have grown up in favor of the continuance of the leper hospital should be trampled under foot. There should be no cessation of effort till the lepers are gone.

Femele Thumbs.

The female thumb is said to be an important index to the female character. Women with long thumbs are held by phrenologist, physiognomists, etc., to be more than ordinarily intelligent—what are called sensible women; while women with small thumbs are regarded as romantic. According to certain authors, who profess to have been observers, a woman's hand is more indicative of a woman's character than her face, as the latter is to a certain extent, under the control of temporary emotions, or of the will, whereas the former is a fact which exists for any one who understands it to profit by. Women with square hands and small thumbs are said to make good house-wives and gentle wives. This sort of women will make any man happy who is fortunate enough to win them. They are not at all romantic, but they are what is better, thoroughly domestic. Women with long thumbs have tempers of their own, and generally a loug tongue.

There is a hint in this to a lover. Let him, the first time he seizes hold of his mistress' hand, examine, under some pretext or another, her thumb, and if it be large, let him make up his mind as soon as he becomes a married man, he will have to be very careful. Again if a young man finds that his lady love has a large palm, with one-shaped fingers and a small thumb, let him thank his stars—for in that case, she is susceptible to tenderness, easily talked into or out of anything, and readily managed. But if she is a woman with a square hand, well-proportioned, and only a tolerably developed thumb, then she is either one of two distinct classes of women—a practical female who will stand no nonsense, or she is a designing female—a woman who cannot be duped, or a woman who will dupe him.

IRATE CUSTOMER.—"See here, sir, when I was over last week, I bought a silk dress pattern of you at $2 a yard, and you said the former price was $5."

Dealer—"Yes, you bought it at our grand bargain sale."

"Exactly. Well, my wife says that stuff has been selling in Philadelphia right along at $1.50 a yard."

"Indeed!"

"Yes sir. What did you mean by saying the former price was $5?"

"But it was."

"When?"

"During the war."

Jas. H. Mercer distinctly states that Acker's English Remedy has and does cure contracted consumption. Ask for circular. An entirely new medicine, guaranteed.

If there is a wooden floor to the hogpen, no mattter how high it is made, there will every year be a considerable amount of valuable manure find its way through. Even the earth under the floor, to the depth of six or eight inches, will make a good fertilizer. A hogpen floor should be laid with the purpose of taking up every second year, and it will generally need it if made of soft lumber.

Jas. H. Mercer will refund the price paid if Acker's Blood Elixir does not relieve any skin or blood disorder. A new, but thoroughly tested discovery.

An exchange says that there can be no earthly reason why women should not be allowed to become medical men.

Jas. H. Mercer states that indigestion prepares every one for disease, but guarantees Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets to cure all forms of indigestion.

Vital Questions!!!!

Ask the most eminent physician

Of any school, what is the best thing in the world for quieting and allaying all irritation of the nerves and curing all forms of nervous complaints, giving natural, childlike refreshing sleep always?

And they will tell you unhesitatingly

"Some form of Hops!!!"

CHAPTER I.

Ask any or all of the most eminent physicians:

"What is the best and only remedy that can be relied on to cure all diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs; such as Bright's disease, diabetes, retention or inability to retain urine, and all the diseases and ailments peculiar to women"—

"And they will tell you explicitly and emphatically *"Buchu!!!"*

Ask the same physicians

"What is the most reliable and surest cure for all liver diseases or dyspepsia; constipation, indigestion, biliousness, malaria, fever, ague, &c.," and they will tell you:

Mandrake! or Dandelion!!!!"

Hence, when these remedies are combined with others equally valuable.

And compounded into Hop Bitters, such a wonderful and mysterious curative power is developed, which is so varied in its operations that no disease or ill health can possibly exist or resist its power, and yet it is

Harmless for the most frail woman, weakest invalid or smallest child to use.

CHAPTER II.

"Patients

"Almost dead or nearly dying."

For years, and given up by physicians of Bright's and other kidney diseases, liver complaints, severe coughs, called consumption, have been cured.

Women gone nearly crazy!!!!!

From agony of neuralgia, nervousness, wakefulness, and various diseases peculiar to women.

People drawn out of shape from excruciating pangs of rheumatism, inflammatory and chronic, or suffering from scrofula,

Erysipelas!

Salt rheum, blood poisoning, dyspepsia, indigestion, and in fact almost all diseases frail

Nature is heir to

Have been cured by Hop Bitters, proof of which Can be found in every nighborhood in the known world.

☞None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

BERTSCH'S, AT BERTSCH'S,

THE ARTIST

CUTTER

AND

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Who always gives you the latest styles, and cuts your clothing to fit you. Having had the experience for a number of years in the Tailoring Business, has learned what material will give his customers the best satisfaction for wear and style and will try to please all who give him a call. Also on hand

Gents' Furnishing Goods

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

HATS, CAPS, AND UMBRELLAS

Always of the latest styles. Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Store next door to First National Bank

Corner Main & Market Sts.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

April, 25-1y

B. F. HARTMAN

REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING

AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES

North American of Philadelphia.
Franklin, " "
Pennsylvania, " "
York, of Pennsylvania.
Hanover, of N. Y.
Queens, of London.
North British, of London.
Office on Market Street, No. 5, Bloomsburg.
oct. 24, 9-1

STAFFORD'S EXTRA BLACKING

Gives a MORE BRILLIANT SHINE THAN ANY OTHER.

IN BOXES WHICH PREVENT SOILING THE HANDS.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.

S. S. STAFFORD,
New York.

Sep 5-4 w

FAY'S CELEBRATED WATER-PROOF MANILLA ROOFING

Resembles fine leather; for Roofs, Outside Walls, and Inside in place of Plaster. Very strong and durable. Catalogue with testimonials and samples FREE. Established 1866.

W. H. FAY & CO., Camden, N. J.

w d

SUBSCRIBE FOR

THE COLUMBIAN,

$1.50 A YEAR.

WELLS' HEALTH RENEWER

Are you failing, try WELLS' HEALTH RENEWER, a pure, clean, wholesome

TONIC,

For Brain, Nerves, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Lungs. An Unequaled Invigorant. Cures

DYSPEPSIA,

Headache, Fever, Ague, Chills,

DEBILITY & WEAKNESS.

Nice to take, true merit, unequaled for TORPID LIVER and Night Sweats, Nervous Weakness, Malaria, Painless, Sexual Decline. $1.00 per Bot. 6 for $5.00, at Druggists. E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J., U. S. A.

BUCHU-PAIBA

Kidney & Urinary Cure

Buchu-Paiba

Remarkable Cures of Catarrh of the Bladder, Inflammation, Irritation of Kidneys and Bladder, Stone or Gravel Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Dropsical Swellings, Female Diseases, Incontinence of Urine, all Diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs in either sex. For Unhealthy or Unnatural Discharges use also "Chapin's Injection Fleur," each $1.

For SYPHILIS, either contracted or hereditary taint, use Chapin's Constitution Bitter Syrup, $1.00 per bottle, and Chapin's 89 Pill Pills, $2.00; and Chapin's Syphilitic Salve, $1.00. 6 bottles Syrup, 2 of Pills, 1 Salve, by Express on receipt of $10.00, or at Druggists.

E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J., U. S. A.

SPEER'S

PORTUGAL GRAPE WINE

Also

UNFERMENTED GRAPE JUICE.

Used in the principal Churches for Communion. Excellent for Females, Weakly Persons and the aged.

EXCELLENT FOR FEMALES AND WEAKLY PERSONS.

Speer's Port Grape Wine!

FOUR YEARS OLD.

THIS CELEBRATED WINE is the pure juice of the dead ripe Oporto Grape, raised in Speer's vineyards. Its invaluable,

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

are unsurpassed by any other Wine. Being produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision. Its purity and genuineness, are guaranteed by the principal Hospitals and Boards of Health who have examined it. The youngest child may partake of it, and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly benecial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex.

It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Speer's Unfermented Grape Juice

Is the juice of the Oporto Grapes preserved in its natural, fresh, sweet state as it runs from the press by fumigation, thereby destroying the exciter of fermentation. It is perfectly pure, free from spirits and will keep in any climate.

Speer's Burgundy.

Is a dark rich medium Dry Wine used by the wealthy classes as a Table of Dinner Wine, and by physicians in cases where a dry wine instead of a sweet port is desired.

Speer's (Socialite) Claret.

Is held in high estimation for its richness as a Dry Table Wine especially suited for dinner use.

Speer's P. J. Sherry.

Is a wine of Superior Character and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made.

Speer's P. J. Brandy.

IS A PURE distillation from the grape, and stands unrivalled in this Country for medicinal purposes.

It has a peculiar flavor, similar to that of the grapes from which it is distilled,

See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

SOLD BY C. A. KLEIM.

AND BY DRUGGISTS EVERY WHERE.

Sep. 28-3dly.

CATARRH Hay Fever,

I have been afflicted for twenty years, during the months of August and September, with Hay Fever, and have tried various remedies without relief. I was induced to try Ely's Cream Balm; have used it with favorable results, and can confidently recommend it to all similarly afflicted.—Robert W. Townley, (ex-Mayor) Elizabeth, N. J.

Apply into the nostrils.

Ely's Cream Balm is a remedy founded on a correct diagnosis of this disease and can be depended upon. Cream Balm causes no pain. Gives relief at once. Cleanses the head. Causes healthy secretions. Abates Inflammation. Prevents from colds. Heals the sores. Restores the senses of taste and smell. A thorough treatment will cure. Not a liquid or snuff. Applied into the nostrils. 50 cts. at druggists; 10 cts. by mail. Sample bottle by mail 10 cts.

ELY BROTHES, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

Aug 22 4 w

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK. THE GREAT ENG-LISH REMEDY. An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all Diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse; as loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave.

TRADE MARK.

BEFORE TAKING. AFTER TAKING.

BEWARE of advertisements to refund money, when druggists from whom the medicine is bought *do not refund*, but refer you to the manufacturers, and the requirements are such that they are *seldom, if ever*, complied with. See their written guarantee. A trial of one single package of Gray's Specific will convince the most skeptical of its real merits.

On account of counterfeits, we have adopted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine.

☞Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. ☞The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package or 6 packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on the receipt of the money, by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Sold in Bloomsburg by all druggists.

Nov 9-1y

YOU CANNOT GET WELL AT HOME.

Fairview Electropathic Institute,

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

A GOOD PLACE FOR THE SICK.

The house is specially fitted up for the comfort of invalids who desire a pleasant and Christian home. Stands on high ground with plenty of shade. Personal attention given to every patient. Electricity and Galvanism in their different modifications a speciality. Prof. Mills has given many years of study and practice to this branch, and hundreds will testify to his skill.

Send for circular, stating what paper you saw this in.

PROF. HENRY MILLS,
Mrs. ALICE FRENCH MILLS,
Lock Box 97, Binghamton, N. Y.
Sept. 7 '83-1y.

M. C. SLOAN & BRO,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Manufacturers of

CARRIAGES BUGGIES, PHAETONS. SLEIGHS, PLATFORM WAGONS, &C.

First-class work always on hand.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.

Prices reduced to suit the times.

E. B. BROWER,

PLUMBING,

GAS FITTING & STEAM HEATING.

DEALER IN

STOVES & TINWARE.

All kinds of work in Sheet Iron, Roofing and Spouting promptly attended to.

☞Strict attention given to heating by steam.

Corner of Main & East Sts.,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

SUBSCRIBE NOW FOR

THE COLUMBIAN

$1.50 A YEAR.

GOLD for the working class. Send 10 cents for postage, and we will mail you *free*, a royal valuable box of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cents to $5 every evening. That all who want may test the business, we make this unparalled offer: to all that are not well satisfied we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. Dec 21-1

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING ON SHORT NOTICE AT THIS OFFICE.

NEW FALL STYLE HATS

—AT—

DAVID LOWENBERG'S.

FALL STYLES JUST RECEIVED —AT— D. LOWENBERG'S. LARGE STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING —AT— D. LOWENBERG'S.

The Celebrated Sweet, Orr & Co. Overalls.

CALL AND SEE THE NEW STYLES

—AT—

D. LOWENBERG'S,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

J. SALTZER,

HEADQUARTERS

For the Celebrated Chickering, Ivers & Pond, and Vose & Son Pianos. World-renowned Estey Organs, Violins, Accordeons and Sheet Music. Celebrated White, New High Arm Davis, New Home, Royal St. John, and Light Running Domestic Sewing Machines. Needles, oil and attachments for all makes of Sewing Machines.

MAIN STREET,

Bloomsburg

GRAND WORD CONTEST! SECOND SERIES

ENTERTAINING AND INSTRUCTIVE PASTIME. LARGELY INCREASED NUMBERS OF MAGNIFICENT AND COSTLY PREMIUMS GIVEN.

Owing to the great success of our former Word Contest, which expired May 1st, and the many requests of persons who are out of time for the same, we undertake to offer the following magnificent premiums to the persons making out the largest lists of words from the letters comprising the words

"USE DAY'S SOAP ONLY."

		Worth			Worth
1st.	Solid Gold Watch	$100	8th.	Fruit Stand, Rich. Blue or Amber Glass	$17
2d.	Magnificent Tea Set and Salver	100	9th.	Tetion-Tete Set, 3 pieces, Red or Amber	12
3rd.	Diamond Earrings	75	10th.	Roll Caster, Quadruple Handles	10
4th.	Lady's Gold Watch	50	11th.	Ice Pitchers & 6 pts. Glazed Double Walled	10
5th.	Gent's Diamond Scarf Pin	25	12th.	Cake Stand, Glazed and Gold Lined	7
6th.	Elegant Tilting Ice Water Set, Mug & Cup	22	13th.	Fruit Stand, Rich Red Amber	7
7th.	Tufted Stand, Rich Gold Lined	21	14th.	Fruit Stand, Rich Blue Glass	7

100 BOXES DAY'S SOAP to be distributed among remaining highest competitors. SPECIAL PREMIUM OF $20

For the greatest list with fewest errors, provided the list has half the number of words of the highest competitor.

CONDITIONS.

First. All lists must be fully prepaid and accompanied by two cent stamp for return postage, a statement that you are using DAY'S SOAP in your family, name and address of grocer from whom you buy it, number of words in list, and your name and address, all to be written on one sheet of paper, separate from lists.

Second. Words must be written plainly, numbered, and alphabetically arranged. The biographical names, names of towns, Scripture proper names, Scripture geographical names, and Christian names, must be classified separately.

Third. Only words found in Webster's or Worcester's Dictionary admitted; this will include any word from the first to the last with the exception of prefixes and suffixes as separate words and obsolete words and words of same spelling but different meanings, to be used but once.

Fourth. Plurals of all words admitted except biographical names, names of towns, Scripture proper names, modern geographical names, and Christian names, but apostrophized denoting possessive case or otherwise not admitted.

Fifth. No words counted unless the letters comprising them are contained in USE DAY'S SOAP ONLY, that is, no word will be found over 7 A's, 1 B, 2 C's, 3 D's, 7 E's, 1 F, 1 G, 2 H's, 1 I, 1 J, 1 K, 3 L's, 2 M's, 4 N's, 5 O's, 1 P, 1 Q, 4 R's, 4 S's, 5 T's, 2 U's, 1 V, 1 W, 1 X, 1 Y, 1 Z.

Sixth. All lists must be in by December 1st, and the Premiums will be awarded Dec. 20th.

Seventh. Premiums will be given in rotation according to the largest lists of words.

Eighth. Lists must not be sent in rolls, but put in envelopes.

Ninth. Mail or send lists to our New York Office, 1302 Reade Street, or our Philadelphia Office, 1705 Howard Street.

The DAY'S SOAP is now largely sold by Wholesale and Retail Grocers throughout the United States for five years, and wherever its merits are known it enjoys unbounded popularity. Notwithstanding these facts we have received many hundred letters from persons in our last contest, complaining that their grocer did not keep DAY'S soap, and in many instances refused daily to supply their customers with it, but only enabling its sale by the second or third importation. It is to our interest, and we know our friends, that no one will any longer have their grocer supply them with it, but if he will not, we will, on receipt of $1.00, forward to any part of the United States, one of our Beautifully Embossed Picture Cards.

Tell your friends about it, and if they cannot get it from your grocer, send to us and we will supply them. By the way you have no Rolling Pin, Washboard, or Hard Rubbing in order to wash clothes. We will send a full set of the DAY'S SOAP document free. Address as above.

Manufactured by DAY & PRICE, 1705, 1707, 1709, 1711, 1713, 1715, 1717, 1719 & 1721 Howard St. & 1302, 1304, 1306, 1308, 1310 & 1312 Wayne St., Phila. Pa.

☞ June, 13-13 w

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

W. R. TUBBS, PROPRIETOR

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

PHILADELPHIA

TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES

RICE, SPICES, CIGARS SODA, &C., &C.

N. E. Corner Second and Arch streets.

☞Orders will receive prompt attention

AGENTS wanted for The Lives of all the Presidents of the U. S. The largest, handsomest best book ever sold for less than twice our price. The fastest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All intelligent people want it. Any one can become a successful agent. Terms free, HALLETT BOOK CO., Portland, Maine. Dec 21-1y

The most popular resort on the Susquehanna River is the Wapwallopen Valley Hotel, Wapwallopen, Luzerne Co., Pa.

G. W. MAUGER, Proprietor.

This house has been thoroughly renovated and is fitted up with every convenience for travelers, tourists, hunting and fishing parties. It is delightfully situated in the midst of a beautiful section of river and mountain scenery in close proximity to the famous

Council Cup

and special inducements are offered to all who desire recreation combined with first class accommodations. The bar supplied only with the choicest wines and liquors, excellent stable accommodations, boats to hire &c.

AN EXTORTIONATE RATE.

April 25-6m

CLEVELAND Agents wanted for authentic edition of his life, written at his own home, with his cooperation and assistance, by the renowned Goodrich. Largest, cheapest, handsomest, best. Elegantly illustrated. Costs more per copy to manufacture than the other lives that are sold for twice its price. Outsells all others ten to one. One of our agents made a profit of over $20 the first day. A harvest of gold will be realized by every worker. All new beginners succeed grandly. Terms free, and the most liberal ever offered. Save valuable time by sending 25 cts. for postage, etc., on free outfit, which includes large prospectus book. Act quickly; a day at the start is worth a week at the finish.

July 18 8w H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Me.

BLOOMSBURG PLANING MILL

The undersigned having put his Planing Mill on Railroad Street, in first-class condition, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line,

FRAMES, SASH, DOORS,

BLINDS, MOULDINGS,

FLOORING, Etc.

furnished at reasonable prices. All lumber used is well seasoned and none but skilled workmen are employed.

ESTIMATES FOR BUILDINGS

furnished on application. Plans and specifications prepared by an experienced draughtsman

CHARLES KRUG,

Bloomsburg, Pa

The Science of Life, Only $1

BY MAIL POST-PAID

KNOW THYSELF.

A Great Medical Work on Manhood.

Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline in Man. Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries resulting from indiscretion of excesses. A book for every man, young, middle-aged and old. It contains 125 prescriptions for all acute and chronic diseases, each one of which is invaluable, so found by the Author, whose experience for 23 years is such as probably never before fell to the lot of any physician. 300 pages, bound in beautiful French muslin, embossed covers, full gilt, guaranteed to be a finer work in every sense—mechanical, literary and professional—than any other work sold in this country for $2.50, or the money will be refunded in every instance. Price only $1.00 by mail post-paid. Illustrative sample 6 cents. Send now. Gold medal awarded the author by the National Medical Association, to the officers of which he refers.

The Science of Life should be read by the young for instruction, and by the afflicted for relief. It will benefit all—*London Lancet.*

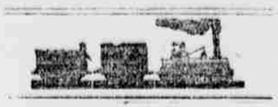
There is no member of society to whom The Science of Life will not be useful, whether youth, parent, guardian, instructor or clergyman.—*Argonaut.*

Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch Street, Boston, Mass., who may be consulted on all diseases requiring skill and experience. Chronic and obstinate diseases and those baffled the skill of all other physicians a specialty. Such treated successfully without an instance of failure. Mention this paper.

July 25-6 w

HEAL THYSELF! Cally can

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.



Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect May 12th, 1884. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD.

9.15 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York, 6.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 5.10 p. m.; Washington, 6.20 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

2.00 p. m.—Day express (daily), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 7.25 p. m.; New York, 10.20 p. m.; Baltimore 7.20 p. m.; Washington, 8.35 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coache through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.30 p. m.—Williamsport Accommodation (daily for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.05 a. m.; New York 6.10 a. m. Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. On Sundays a through sleeping car will be run; on this train from Williamsport to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

2.30 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 7.50 a. m. New York, 11.20 a. m.; Baltimore 7.40 a. m.; Washington, 8.50 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.15 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Sunday), for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie, and through Pullman Palace cars to Buffalo via Emporium. On Sundays this train runs to Renovo, with Pullman Palace car to Williamsport and passenger coaches to Renovo.

For Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, (daily except Sundays) with through Pullman Palace car and passenger coaches to Rochester.

10.15—Nova Scotia Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations. On Sundays this train runs only to